SCHEME & SYLLABUS

Programme: M. Sc. (Hons.) Botany

Post-Graduate (PG) Programme as per NEP

Programme Code: PG056

(Academic Session 2024-25 onwards)



Department of Life Sciences, Allied Health Sciences and Agricultural Sciences
University Institute of Sciences
Sant Baba Bhag Singh University
2024

SANT BABA BHAG SINGH UNIVERSITY, KHIALA -1430030, JALANDHAR

Institute Name: University Institute of Sciences

Department Name: Life Sciences, Allied Health Sciences and Agricultural Sciences

Programme Name: M.Sc. (Hons.) Botany

Programme Code: PG056

Number of Semesters 4

Vision:

Our vision is to acquaint the students about classical and modern aspects of plant sciences which lead them to scientific excellence in botanical research with specific emphasis on the role of plants in the structure and functioning of communities and ecosystems. They can work on their own research work or in the leading research organization or may be an entrepreneur and can become self-sustainable and useful for the society.

Mission:

- 1. To provide the holistic knowledge of plant's structure, functions and importance in the life of man.
- 2. Provide knowledge about environmental factors and natural resources and their importance in the sustainable development.
- 3. Acquire the ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context socio-technological changes.
- 4. To develop the effective communication skills and impart through project preparations and seminars by reading latest research communications, books, media and technologies.
- 5. Elicit views of others, mediate disagreements and help reach conclusions in group settings.
- 6. Recognize different value systems including your own, understand the moral dimensions of your decisions, and accept responsibility for them.

I. Salient Features of the National Education Policy (for UG and PG programmes)

- a) The Undergraduate (UG) degree programmes of either 3 or 4-year duration, shall be structured in a semester mode with multiple exit options with the followings with multiple entry and exit points and re-entry options, with appropriate certifications such as:
 - (i) Certification (UG Certificate) at the completion of first year (1 year = 2 semesters)
 - (ii) Diploma (UG Diploma) at the completion of second year (2 years = 4 semesters)
 - (iii) Bachelor's Degree at the completion of third year (3 years = 6 semesters)
- **b**) The candidate who completes the four yearsUndergraduate Program, either in one stretch or through multiple exits and re-entries (within the stipulated maximum period of seven years) would get a Bachelor's degree with Honours or Research. For example:
 - (i) Bachelor's Degree (Honours) at the completion of fourth year (4 years = 8 semesters)
 - (ii) Bachelor's Degree (Honours with Research) at the completion of fourth year (4 years = 8 semesters)
- c) The four years undergraduate Honours degree holders with a research component and a suitable grade are eligible to enter the
 - Ph.D. (Doctoral) Programme in a relevant discipline or
 - Two Semester Master's Degree programme with project/research work
- d) Candidates who wish to enter the master's/doctoral programme in a discipline other than the major discipline studied at the undergraduate programmes, have to take additional courses in the new discipline to meet the requirement or to make up thegap between the requirement and the courses already studied.
- e) There may be parallel five years integrated master's degree programmes with exit options at the completion of third and fourth years, with the undergraduate degree and undergraduate degree with honours in a discipline, respectively.
- f) There may also be an integrated doctoral programme with an exit option at the end of the first year with the Master's degree.
- g) The students who exit with Certification, Diploma and Basic Bachelor Degree shall be eligible to re-enter the programme at the exit level to complete the programme or to complete the next level.
- h) The Multidisciplinary Undergraduate Programme, like B. Sc. (Hons./Hons. with Research) Life Sciences may help in the improvement of all the educational outcomes, with a flexible and imaginative curricular approach. A range of courses are offered with rigorous exposure to multiple disciplines and areas while specializing in one or two areas.
- i) The curriculum combines conceptual knowledge with practical engagement and understanding that has relevant real world application through practical laboratory work, field work, internships, workshops and research projects.
- j) The areas of specialization which the students are required to choose are either two disciplines/ subjects or a discipline called 'major course'. Students gain deep disciplinary knowledge through theory and practical experiences in their area of specialization (major). Students should secure the prescribed number of credits (about 50% of total credits) through core courses in the major discipline.
- k) The areas of additional discipline which the students are required to choose are called 'minor course'. Students gain a reasonable understanding of the area of additional study (minor) that they choose.
- 1) Students can choose subject combinations across streams. One of the disciplines can also be a vocational subject or Teacher Education.
- **m**) The students may study two disciplines at the same level or breadth up to the sixth semester and choose one of them for study in the fourth year to obtain **the Honours degree in that discipline**. A student who wishes to get **dual honours degrees** may repeat the fourth year of the program in the second discipline.
- **n**) Students shall be given options to choose courses from a basket of courses being offering. There shall be no rigidity of combination of subjects.

II. CURRICULUM STRUCTURE AS PER NEP

M. Sc. (Hons.) Botany programme will have a curriculum with Syllabi consisting of following Course Types:

- I. MajorCourses/Core Courses (CR): A course, which should compulsorily by studied as a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course. These courses are employability enhancement courses relevant to the chosen program of study. Program core comprises of Theory, Practical, Project, Seminar etc. Project work is considered as a special course involving application of knowledge in solving/analyzing/exploring a real-life situation/difficult problem.
- II. Elective Courses: Elective course is generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/subject of study or with provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill. Accordingly, elective course may be categorizes as:
 - A. Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course: Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective.
 - B. Project (I): An elective course designed to acquire special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work, and a candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member is called dissertation/project.
- III. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC): The Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC) may be of two kinds: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) and Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC). AECC courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement; these are mandatory for all disciplines.

SEC courses are value-based and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-on-training, competencies, skills, etc.

- A. Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC): Environmental Science, English Communication/MIL Communication.
- B. Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC): These courses may be chosen from a pool of courses designed to provide value-based and/or skill-based knowledge.

ALANDHAR (PUNJAB)

III. NOMENCLATURE USED:

A. Core Courses

- i. Core Courses. Major Courses (MC)
- ii. Theory subject (T)
- iii. Practical (P)

B. Ability Enhancement Courses/Minor Courses (AEC):

- i. Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC)
- ii. Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC).

C. Elective Courses (EL-Major)

i. Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)

Details of Programme Educational Objectives, Program Outcomes, Program Specific Outcomes

S.No. Programme Educational Objective (PEO) (The Graduate/Undergraduate will)

- PEO1. To develop a strong and competent knowledge in basic plant sciences.
 - To learn interdisciplinary knowledge of other subjects with connecting links to botany and apply it for
 - PEO2. the betterment of the society.

To develop an ability to understand the evolution of earth and plants with their role in the development of human civilization which gives them values to protect earth and plant species for the improvement of

PEO3 environment.

To develop an ability to identify, prepare and solve the plant related problems and contribute the services PEO4 to community in professional, personal and private level.

Programme Outcomes (PO) (At the end of Programme/Degree mentioned above, the graduates will be able to)

- Detailed knowledge about the classification, importance and structure of fungi Algae, Bryophyta, pteridophyta, Fungi, lower plants and their life cycle, plant diseases, growth, diversity of plants, biology of seed plants, metabolism and structure between different groups of plant.
 - PO2. Knowledge about chemical properties and evolutionary relationship among taxonomic groups.
 - PO3 Knowledge of anatomical and physiological characters related to study of plant and their relationship in physiology.
 - PO4 Knowledge of other subjects which will help the students to understand the behaviour and functions of plants related to environment.
 - PO5 Knowledge of latest technologies such as biotechnology, molecular biology, remote sensing, computers and their use in the field of botany.
 - PO6 Knowledge of various instruments used and their functions in the fields of plant sciences.
 - PO7 Knowledge of evolution of plants with respect to changing environment from the beginning of life in the earth.
 - PO8 Developing skills on creating and designing research projects, data analysing skills and presentation of the data.

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSO)

- 3 PSO1. Gaining the fundamental and core knowledge & understanding of plant sciences such as (taxonomy, anatomy, genetics, physiology, embryology, pathology and ecology.
 - PSO2. Gaining the fundamental knowledge of subjects which works as connecting links to other disciplines such as plant biochemistry, plant breeding, biostatistics, computer, biotechnology and molecular biology, cellular biology and tissue culture.
 - PSO3 Gaining the working skills in the area of classical botany and latest technologies through labs from above mentioned subjects.
 - PSO4 Gaining the knowledge about evolution of plants which gives leap in the future with changing climate and harness its potential for the betterment of the society.
 - PSO5 Gaining skills to design and create projects, data analysis, and presentation of data using computer skills, research working ethics, research, team work and critical thinking.

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2.	BOT553	Biology and Diversity of Algae, Bryophytes and Lichens					
3.	BOT555	Plant Biochemistry and Metabolism	I	18-19			
4. //	BOT557	Landscaping and Nursery Techniques	I	20-21			
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SEMESTER I

I. **Theory Courses**

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major	BOT551	Biology and Diversity of Fungi and Plant Pathology	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
2	Major	BOT553	Biology and Diversity of Algae, Bryophytes and Lichens	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
3	Major	BOT555	Plant Biochemistry and Metabolism	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
4	Major (Discipline Specific Elective) (Choose any one)	BOT557/ BOT559/ BOT561 (Choose any one)	Landscaping and Nursery Techniques/ Mushroom Cultivation/ Evolution (Choose any one)	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
5	Minor	BOT563	Water relationship, Growth and Development	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
6	Value Added	ВОТ565	Intellectual Property Rights	3:0:0	3:0:0	3	3

II. Practical Subjects

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major	BOT567	Practical Course on Fungi, Pathology, Algae, Lichens and Bryophytes	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
2	Major	BOT569	Practical Course on Plant Metabolism, Biochemistry, Water Relation Growth, Development and Biochemistry & Elective	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
		34	28				

Total Contact Hours: 34

Total Credits: 28

SEMESTER II

I. Theory Courses

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major	BOT552	Biology and Diversity of Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
2	Major	BOT554	Reproductive and Developmental Biology of Angiosperms	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
3	Major	BOT556	Genetics and Plant Breeding	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
4	Major (Discipline Specific Elective) (Choose any one)	BOT558/ BOT560/ BOT562 (Choose any one)	Remote Sensing and Ecological Modelling/ Forestry/ Advanced Industrial Botany (Choose any one)	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
5	Minor	BOT564	Metabolic Integration	3:0:0	3:0:0	3	3
6	Multidiscipli nary (MDC)	MAT540	Biostatistical Methods	3:0:0	3:0:0	3	3

II. Practical Subjects

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major	BOT566	Practical Course on Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, Developmental and Reproductive Biology	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
2	Major	BOT568	Practical Course on Genetics & Plant Breeding, and Metabolic Integration	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
3	Major (Skill Enhancement Course: SEC)	ВОТ570	Summer Internship*	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
	<u> </u>		Total		<u></u>	31	28

Total Contact Hours: 31 Total Credit Hours: 27

P.S.: *Summer Internship (2 credit, only practicum course) shall be carried out during summer vacations after second semester. Evaluation of 2^{nd} semester internship to be done after submission of internship report and viva-voce of the students.

SEMESTER III

I. Theory Courses

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major (Research)	RM651	Basics of Research Methodology in Biological and Chemical Sciences	4:1:0	4:1:0	5	5
2	Major (Discipline Specific Elective) (Choose any one)	BOT651/ BOT653/ BOT655 (Choose any one)	Taxonomy and Biodiversity/ Ecology and Environment/ Plant Anatomy and Cytogenetics	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
3	Major (Discipline Specific Elective) (Choose any one)	BOT657/ BOT659/ BOT661 (Choose any one)	Plant Tissue Culture and Genetic Engineering/ Advanced Cell Biology/ Molecular Genetics and Cell communication	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
4	Minor	BOT663	Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences	2:0:0	2:0:0	2	2
5	Minor (Research)	RM655	Publication and Research Ethics	2:0:0	2:0:0	2	2

II. Practical Subjects

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major	BOT665	Practical Course on Discipline Specific Electives	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
2	Major (Research)	BOT667	Dissertation-I	0:0:8	0:0:4	8	4
3	Major (Skill Enhancement Course: SEC)	BOT669	Seminar and Training	0:0:4	0:0:4	4	2
			33	25			

P.S.: Evaluation of Dissertation-I will be based on submission of synopsis and approved objectives by the student.

Total Contact Hours: 33 Total Credit Hours: 25

SEMESTER IV

I. Theory Courses

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major (Research)	RM652	Advances in Research Methodology in Biological and Chemical Sciences	4:1:0	4:1:0	5	5
2	Major (Discipline Specific Elective) (Choose any one)	BOT652/ BOT654/ BOT656 (Choose any one)	Economic Botany and Plant Genetic Resource/ Ethnobotany and pharmacognosy/ Plant Natural Resources, Conservation and Sustainable Development	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4
3	Major (Discipline Specific Elective) (Choose any one)	BOT658/ BOT660/ BOT662 (Choose any one)	Bioinformatics/ Advanced Physiology and Molecular Biology/ Instrument Principles and Analytical Techniques	4:0:0	4:0:0	4	4

II. Practical Subjects

S. No.	Course Type	Course Code	Course Name	Contact Hours (L:T:P)	Credits (L:T:P)	Total Contact Hours	Total Credits
1	Major	ВОТ664	Practical Course on Discipline Specific Electives	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
2	Major (Research)	BOT668	Dissertation-II	0:0:16	0:0:8	16	8
3	Minor (Skill Enhancement Course: SEC)	RM656	Scientific and Technical Writing	0:0:4	0:0:2	4	2
	Total						25

P.S.: Evaluation of Dissertation-II will be based on submission of complete dissertation by the student and subsequent evaluation of submitted dissertation through institutional RDC.

Total Contact Hours: 37 Total Credit Hours: 25

COURSE SCHEME SUMMARY OF M. SC. BOTANY

(Post-graduate Programme as per NEP)

(SEMESTER-I-IV)

Course Scheme Summary

Semester	L	T	P	Contact hrs/Wk	Credits
1	23	GBBS	8	31	27
II	22	0	12	34	28
III	16	1	16	33	25
IV	12	1	24	37	25
Total	73	2	60	135	105

Total contact hours for I-IV semester = 135

Total credits for I-IV semester = 105





<u>SEMESTER I</u> BOT551 - BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF FUNGI AND PLANT PATHOLOGY

Course Code	BOT551				
Course Title	BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF FUNGI AND PLANT				
	PATHOLOGY				
Course Type	Major Course				
Course Category	Lecture				
LTP	4 0 0				
Credits	4				
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.				
Course Objective	The main objective of Biology and Diversity and Plant pathology is to				
	study the concepts of fungal diversity and comparative study of the				
	different fungal genera. In plant pathology focus is to study the commonly				
	occurring disease, their etiology and control mechanisms.				
Course Outcome	Students will learn basic understanding of fungi, classification				
	and diversity of fungi, external and internal structure of various				
	CO1 fungi and different methods of reproduction in fungi.				
	Students will learn different symptoms and causal agents of plant				
To be	CO2 disease, different disease cycles of fungi in plants and their				
	control measures.				
11000	Students will learn about the phytopathology and different				
	CO3 economic uses of fungi.				
	Students will gain in-depth insights into Applied Mycology and				
	CO4 its applications in human welfare.				

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Introduction to true fungi: Definition, General characteristics; Affinities with plants and animals; Thallus organization; Cell wall composition; Nutrition; Classification: Recent trends on the classification of fungi with reference to morphological and paramorphological criteria, Comparative study of the following sub division: Mastigomycotina: *Albugo. Peronospora, Plasmopora.*

UNIT: II

Comparative study of the following sub-division: Zygomycotina: *Mucor, Rhizopus, Syncephalastrum, Ascomycotina: Tapharina, Emericella, Penicillium, Chaetamium, Morchella.* Comparative study of the following sub-divisions: *Basidiomycotina: Puccinia, Melampspora, Ustilago, Polyporus, Cyathus, Deuteromycotina: Fusarium, Cercospora, Colletotrichum*

UNIT: III

Phytopathology: Terms and concepts; General symptoms; Geographical distribution of diseases; etiology; symptomology: Symptomatology in fungal, bacterial and viral infection of plants. Host- Pathogen relationships; disease cycle and environmental relation; prevention and control of plant diseases, and role of quarantine.

Etiology and control of the following crop diseases. Paddy: Paddy blast, paddy blight, Wheat: Black stem rust, Bunt of Wheat, Bajara: green ear and Ergot, Sugar cane: Red rot disease of sugar cane, Ground nut: Tikka disease, Maize smut.

Disease control by physical, chemical and biological methods, resistant varieties, Crop rotation, plant quarantines, seed certification.

UNIT: IV

Applied Mycology: Role of fungi in biotechnology, Application of fungi in food industry (Flavour & texture, Fermentation, Baking, Organic acids, Enzymes, Mycoproteins); Role of enzymes and toxins in pathogenesis; secondary metabolites (Pharmaceutical preparations); Agriculture (Biofertilizers); Mycotoxins; Biological control (Mycofungicides, Mycoherbicides, Myconematicides); Medical mycology. Importance of mycology in agriculture, relation of fungi to human affairs, history of mycology.

Mushroom cultivation: Mycorrhizal application in agriculture and forestry, Fungal cytology and genetics: Heterothallism, Heterokaryosis, parasexual cycle, mutation.

S.No.	Name/Title //	Author	Publisher
1	Introductory Mycology	Alexopoulos, C.J.,	John Wiley and sons,
		Mims, C.W. and	INC, New York.
		Blackwell, M.	O -0 1-
2	Plant Pathology	Mehrotra, R.S.	Tata McGraw Hill
			Publishing Co. Ltd.,
- 8			New Delhi.
3	Botany for degree students-Fungi.	Vashista, B.R. and	S. Chand and Company
- 7		Sinha, A.K.	Ltd, New Delhi-pp 1-
A			7 52.
4	An Introduction to Mycology.	Mehrotra, R.S. and	New Age International
		Aneja, K.R.	
5	Stereochemistry of carbon	Ernest Eliel	McGraw Hill, New
1	compounds		York (1962).



<u>SEMESTER I</u>

BOT553 - BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF ALGAE, BRYOPHYTES AND LICHENS

Course Code	BOT553		
Course Title	BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF ALGAE, BRYOPHYTES AND		
	LICHENS		
Course Type	Major Course		
Course Category	Lecture		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main		
	subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of Biology and diversity of algae, Bryophytes and		
	lichens. In this focus is the comparative study of different genera of algae		
	and bryophytes.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn about the structure, pigmentation, food		
	reserves and methods of reproduction of algae.		
	CO2 Students will learn about the structure, pigmentation, food		
	reserves and methods of reproduction of lichens and		
	bryophytes.		
	CO3 Students will learn about the economic importance of algae,		
The last	bryophytes and lichen, algal bloom and control of physical and		
	chemical means of algal bloom.		
11/10	CO4 Students will learn about commercial application of algae for		
	biofuel, agriculture, nutraceutical, pharmaceuticals and		
	biomedical applications.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Algae: Basic characteristics of the algae; diverse habitats (terrestrial, freshwater, marine); thallus organization: range of thallus structure in algae; evolutionary relationships; cell ultrastructure; Life cycle pattern; reproduction (vegetative, asexual, sexual).

Criteria for classification of algae (pigments, reserve food, flagella). Classification and salient features: Protochlorophyta, Chlorophyta, Charophyta, Xanthophyta, Bacillariophyta, Phaeophyta and Rhodophyta.

UNIT: II

Endosymbiosis and evolution of chloroplast in algae; Origin and evolution of sex in algae; Fossil algae. Algal blooms: causal factors and dynamics of freshwater algal blooms; Red tide and Algal toxins.

Physical and chemical means and bio-manipulation (top-down and bottom-up) for controlling nuisance blooms; role of phycoviruses in algal bloom control; algal bio-fouling of ships and its control. Algae as an indicator of water pollution.

Commercial application of marine algae: polysaccharides. Algae for biofuel, agriculture, nutraceutical, pharmaceuticals and biomedical applications.

UNIT: III

Origin of Bryophytes- General characters, evolution of gametophyte and sporophyte; economic, ecological and microbial importance of bryophytes.

Symbiotic associations of bryophytes Liverwort and Hornworts: classification, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Marchantiales, Metageniales, Jungermanniales and Anthocerotales. Fossil Bryophytes. Ecology of bryophytes (Pollution indicators and monitoring).

UNIT: IV

Mosses: classification, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Funariales, Sphagnales and Polytrichales, Bryophytes in bioindication: direct and indirect biomonitoring.

Spore germination, Protonemal differentiation, bud germination

Parthenogenesis, apogamy, apospory and regeneration

Lichens: General characters, Classification (Miller -1984), Distribution, Thallus organization and Reproduction of Lichens. Ecological and Economic importance of Lichens.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	An Introduction to Pteridophytes.	Rashid, A. (1991).	Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
2	The Biology and Morphology of Pteridophytes,	Parihar, N.S. (1987).	Central Book Distributors, Allahabad.
3	Cryptogamic Botany. Vol. II,	Smith, G.M. (1955).	Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
4	Botany for Degree Students- Bryophytes	B.R. Vashishta (2001)	S. Chand Limited
6	Morphology, Growth and Differentiation	Prem, P. (1981)	Atma Ram & Sons,
7	A text Book of Algae	Bilgrami, K. S., & L. C. Saha	CBS Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd., New Delhi - 260 pp.
8	Botany for degree students-Algae.	Vashista, B. R.	S. Chand & Co., (P) Ltd., New Delhi – 567pp.



SEMESTER I BOT555 - PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM

Course Code	BOT555		
Course Title	PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM		
Course Type	Major Course		
Course Category	Lecture		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main		
	subject.		
Course Objective	To study the classification, occurrence and structure of biomolecules and		
	their metabolism. To study the general concept of nitrogen fixation and		
	its role in plant growth and development.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will get exposure with the nature of various		
	biomolecules present in living cells.		
	Students will able to understand structure, function and		
	co2 biosynthetic pathways of essential biochemical molecules		
	including their key chemical and physical properties.		
	Students will use subject knowledge about amino acid structures		
- he	and relate their chemical properties to the synthesis and function		
	of proteins.		
100	The concept of free energy and entropy, high energy		
	compounds, Gibb's free energy will help him to understand the		
	basics of biochemistry and metabolism.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Carbohydrates: Classification, occurrence and structure of monosaccharides, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides (Starch, cellulose and pectin); Proteins: Amino acids, structure and characteristics, peptides and protein structure, functions of proteins, Conjugate proteins, Accounts of lectins and their function

UNIT: II

Lipids: Classification, occurrence, structure and importance of acryl lipids and phosphates, Concept of free energy and entropy, high energy compounds, Gibb's free energy concept in biochemical reaction, Synthesis of ATP through oxidative electron transport chain, Chemiosmotic regeneration of ATP

UNIT: III

Gluconeogenesis vs glycolysis, Biosynthesis of fatty acids, Degradation of fatty acids, Lipid as high energy molecule, Role of Kreb's cycle

UNIT: IV

Nitrogen fixation by free living and symbiotic organisms, mechanism of nitrogen fixation, Soil nitrogen sources, nitrogen uptake by plants and assimilation, Nitrate reductase system, substrate controlled induction, interrelation between photosynthesis and nitrogen metabolism.

Brief account of amino acid synthesis by reductive amination, GS-GOGAT system, transamination, Basic structure of important phenolics and alkaloids: a general view of their synthesis

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Biochemistry and Molecular	Buchanan, B. B., Gruissem,	American Society of
	Biology of Plants.	W., and Jones, R. L. (2000).	Plant Physiologists,
	1		Maryland.
2	Lehninger Principles of	Nelson, D. L., and Cox, M.	Macmillan Learning
	Biochemistry: 6th Edition	M. (2012).	
		the Marie Control	
3	Plant Physiology,	Salisbury, F. B., and Ross,	Wadsworth
	C	C.W. (1992).	Publishing Co.,
			California.
4	Plant Physiology	Mukherji, S. and Ghosh,	New Central Book
- //		A.K. (2009).	Agency (P) Limited,
5	Plant Physiology.	Taiz, L., and Zeiger, E.	Sinauer Associates,
- 8		(1998).	Inc., Publishers,
			Massachusetts.



SEMESTER I DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE BOT557 - LANDSCAPING AND NURSERY TECHNIQUES

	Lin (Doin in (D) ((C) (D) (1) (C) (D)	
Course Code	BOT557	
Course Title	LANDSCAPING AND NURSERY TECHNIQUES	
Course Type	Theory Course	
LTP	4 0 0	
Credits	4	
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	To learn the basics of landscaping and nursery techniques	
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn about the preparation of different types of landscapes for gardening.	
	CO2 Student will learn about establishing nurseries of seasonal and permanent plants (herbs, shrubs and trees) for gardening purposes.	
	CO3 Student will learn about medicinal, ornamental and aromatic plants.	
	CO4 Students will get acquainted with the tools and techniques in gardening, manuring and vegetative propagation.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Importance and scope of landscaping. Principles of landscaping.

Gardening: definition, objectives and scope-different types of gardening- landscape and home gardening-parks and its components-plant material and designs garden styles and types: terrace gardening, vertical gardening, indoor gardening garden components, adornments, lawn making, rockery, water garden, walk-paths, bridges, other constructed features etc. gardens for special purposes.

UNIT: II

Nursery: definition, objectives and building up of infrastructure for nursery; Scope and their management, raising nurseries from seeds, cuttings and other propagation methods, Bed preparation, nursery layout, Training and pruning of Ornamental plants seed, treatment, nutrient, water and weed management and management. Online nursery information and sales systems. Live plant library at nursery: An awareness concept

UNIT: III

Trees, Climber and creepers, selection, propagation, planting, annuals selection, propagation, planting scheme, Other garden plants: palms, ferns, grasses and cacti succulents. Pot plants: selection, arrangement, management. Manuring, watering, management of pests and diseases and harvesting. Landscaping of urban and rural areas, Peri-urban landscaping, Landscaping of schools, public places.

UNIT: IV

Importance and scope of ornamental crops, medicinal and aromatic plants. Production technology of important cut flowers like rose, gerbera, carnation, lilium and orchids under protected condition sand gladiolus, tuberose, chrysanthemum under open conditions.

Vegetative propagation: air-layering/soil layering, cutting, selection of cutting, selection of stock plant, collecting season, treatment of cutting, rooting medium and planting of cuttings. Storage and marketing procedures.

S. No	Name	Author(s)	Publisher
1	Introductory Ornamental Horticulture	Arora, J.S	Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana
2	Flowers and Trees	Randhawa, M.S.,	National book trust-New Delhi
3	Home gardening	Trivedy . P.P. 1987.	ECA Publication
4	Gardening in India	Bose T K and Mukerjee D	Oxford Book House
5	Plant Propagation	Sandhu, M.K.	Wile Eastern Ltd., Bangalore, Madras
6	Introduction to Horticulture	Kumar, N.	Rajalakshmi Publications. Nagercoil



SEMESTER I DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE

BOT559 - MUSHROOM CULTIVATION

C C- 1-	DOTES.		
Course Code	BOT559		
Course Title	MUSHROOM CULTIVATION		
Course Type	Theory Course		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
prerequisite			
Course	To learn the basic techniques of mushroom culture.		
Objective			
Course Outcome	Students will get acquainted with the nutritional aspects and future		
	CO1 prospects of mushroom cultivation.		
	CO2 Student will learn about the different types of mushroom species.		
	CO3 Students will learn the techniques of growing mushrooms.		
III III			
	CO4 They will learn about the management of produce and its marketing		
	strategy.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Mushrooms- edible and poisonous types, nutritive values, Mushrooms types in nature and its production in wild. Nutritive values of mushrooms, Economic importance of mushroom.

UNIT: II

Infrastructure: substrates (locally available) Polythene bag, vessels, Inoculation hook, inoculation loop, low cost stove, sieves, culture rack, mushroom unit (Thatched house) water sprayer, tray, small polythene bag. Pure culture: Medium, Sterilization, Preparation of spawn, Multiplication. Mushroom culture- Spawn production, Culture and production techniques, harvesting, packing and storage.

UNIT: III

Cultivation practices of *Agaricus bisporus*, *Pleurotus* sp. and *Volvoriella volvacea*. Composting technology in mushroom production, Low cost technology, Mushroom bed preparation – paddy straw, sugarcane trash, maize straw, banana leaves. Factors affecting the mushroom bed preparation.

UNIT: IV

Short-term storage (Refrigeration – upto 24 hours), Long termStorage (canning, pickels, papads), drying, storage in salt solutions. Types of foods prepared from mushroom. Research Centres – National level and Regional level. Cost benefit ratio – Marketing in India and abroad, Export Value, Diseases and Pests of Mushrooms.

S. No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Mushrooms: A Manual for	Biswas, S., Datta, M. and	PHI Learning Private
	Cultivation.	Ngachan, S.V. 2012.	Limited,
2	Mushroom Cultivation	Kapoor, J.N.	ICAR, New Delhi.
3	Hand book of Mushrooms.	Nita Bahl (2000)	Oxford & IBH
			Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd

SEMESTER I DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE BOT561 - EVOLUTION

Course Code	BOT56	1	
Course Title	EVOLUTION		
Course Type	Theory	Course	
LTP	4	0 0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. N	Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	Course Objective To learn about the evolutionary processes taken place and developm		
	the plan	nt species in relation to the today's biodiversity.	
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn the different evolutionary processes among the		
	20	different species.	
1000	CO2	They will learn the similarity and dissimilarity among the nearest	
	13	species and their evolution.	
	CO3	It will help them to build the scientific understanding about the	
		existence of species.	
The state of the s	CO4	Students will learn about the palaeontology and molecular tools in	
		phylogeny, and applications.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Historical prospective of evolutionary biology, fundamental concepts of cosmology and geology Origin and Evolution of Cells: First cell, evolution of metabolism, Present day Prokaryotes, Eukaryotic Cells, Development of multicellular organisms. Pre-Darwinian and Darwinian theories of organic evolution, Concept of Oparin and Haldane; Experiment of Miller (1953), phylogenetic tress, taxonomic and biological concept of species, dating methods

UNIT: II

Ancient environment and earliest form of plant life, Evolution of photosynthesis, evolutionary trend: algae to land plants, evolutionary trend in land plants: vascular to nonvascular, influence of land dwelling plants on the earth system. Evolution of C4 and CAM photosynthetic pathways.

Origins of multicellularity in the plant kingdom, development and genetics in the evolution of land plant body plans, the evolution of plant development: past, present and future, innovations in the origin of vascular plants

UNIT: III

Altruism, Kin selection, Biological clocks; Mating systems, Parental investment and Reproductive success; Parental care; Aggressive behavior; Habitat selection and optimality in foraging; Migration, orientation and navigation; Domestication and behavioral changes. Allopatric speciation, genetic models, peripetric speciation, disjunct distributions, the theory of island biogeography, Sympatric speciation, the role of genetic drift and gene flow in evolution, models of genetic drift, evolutionary development of plant speciation, macroevolution and the biological diversity of plants, Concepts of neutral evolution, molecular divergence and molecular clocks

UNIT: IV

Palaeontology, geological time scale, eras, periods and epochs, major evolutionary events in the geological time scale, fossil evidence for plant terrestrialization, examples of earliest land plants in the fossil record. Mass extinction events in plants: evidence in the geological record, evidence for

persistence in the plant fossil record, Pleistocene glaciations. Molecular tools in phylogeny, classification and identification; origin of new genes and proteins; Gene duplication and divergence.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Evolutionary Biology	Douglas, J. Futuyma.	Sinauer Publications
2	Evolutionary Genetics.	Smith, J.M.	Oxford University
			Press.
3	Evolutionary Biology	Minkoff, J.C. 1983.	Addison Wesley
			Publishing Company
4	The Evolution of Plants	Kathy Willis, Jennifer	Oxford University
		McElwain 2016.	Press.2016.
5	The origin and early evolution of	Kenrick, Paul, and	Nature 389.6646
	plants on land.	Peter R. Crane.	(1997): 33-39



BOT563 - WATER RELATIONSHIP, GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

Course Code	BOT563	·	
Course Title	WATER	RELATIONSHIP, GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT	
Course Type	Minor Co	ourse	
Course Category	Lecture		
LTP	4 0	0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	uisite B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	The main objective of this branch is to study concept of water relations in		
	plants, photosynthesis and growth and development in plants		
Course Outcome CO1 Students will learn about different physiological page 1		Students will learn about different physiological processes occur	
	COI	in the plants.	
	0	Students will learn the how the physical processes like	
	CO2	transpiration help the plants to translocate the water from roots	
		to aerial parts of the plant even in tall trees.	
		Students will learn the different aspects of light and dark reaction	
	CO ₃	in photosynthesis and different modification of plants.	
		Chydanta will cain incights into plant growth as substant will be in	
To be	CO4	Students will gain insights into plant growth regulators and their	
	CO4	significance.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Water relationships in plants: Unique physio-chemical properties of water, Chemical potential, water potential, Apparent free space, bulk movement of water, soil plant atmosphere continuum (SPAC), Stomatal regulation of transpiration, hormonal and energy dependent hypothesis. Inorganic nutrition, physicochemical aspects of solute transport, diffusion and facilitated diffusion, passive and active transport. Nernst equation and Donnan's potential. Role of ATPase as a carrier, Co-transport (Symport) and counter transport (antiport), Ion channels, role of calmodulin, Importance of foliar nutrition and use of chelates.

UNIT: II

Photosynthesis: Energy pathway in photosynthesis, chloroplast as an energy transducing organelle. Composition and characterization of photo systems I and II, electron flow through cyclic, non cyclic and pseudo cyclic photophosphorylation. Pathways of CO2 fixation, Difference between C3 and C4 fixation and different kinds of C4 pathways

UNIT: III

CAM pathway: Occurrence, biological events and adaptive advantage. Photorespiration: Mechanism and regulation of photorespiration. Enzymes: Classification, mode of action, km value, Industrial application, immobilized enzymes, their preparation and application, Enzyme regulation: Competitive and non-competitive, allosteric enzymes

UNIT: IV

Chemical control of growth and morphogenesis. Hormonal effect on growth and development. Plant growth regulators: Bioassay of plant growth regulators and mode of action with reference to

auxins, Gibberellins, cytokinins, abscisic acid, ethylene and brassinosteroids. Significance and applications of plant growth regulators in various fields. Phytochrome: Chemistry and photo morphogenetic effects and role in flowering. Dormancy: Seed and bud dormancy; hormonal regulation

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Biochemistry and Molecular Biology	Buchanan, B.B.,	American Society of
	of Plants.	Gruissem, W., and	Plant Physiologists,
		Jones, R.L. (2000).	Maryland.
2	Plant Physiology.	Taiz, L., and Zeiger,	Sinauer Associates,
		E. (1998).	Inc., Publishers,
			Massachusetts.
3	Plant Physiology,	Salisbury, F.B., and	Wadsworth
		Ross, C.W. (1992).	Publishing Co.,
			California.
4	Plant Physiology	Mukherji, S & Ghosh,	New Central Book
		A.K.	Agency (P) Limited,
1			2009-



SEMESTER I BOT565 -INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Course Code	BOT565		
Course Title	INTEL	LECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	
Course Type	Minor Course		
Course Category	Lecture		
LTP	3 0 0		
Credits	3		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To acquaint the students about the different types of property rights that a		
	person possesses.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn about different types of patent, copyright,	
		trade secret, geographical indication.	
	CO2	They will learn how to file a patent.	
	CO3	They will learn about the infringements in IPR.	
	CO4	Students will learn about the Information Technology Related IPR, ethical and moral issues in patenting or IPR in different fields.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT I

Introduction and historical prospective to intellectual property right (IPR), IPR in India and World, Basic concept and types of IPR. Economic importance of IPR. Information about some important organization such as WTO, TRIPS, WIPO).

Patents its objectives, Rights, Patent Act 1970 and its amendments. Procedure of obtaining patents, infringement.

UNIT II

Introduction to copyrights, protection under copyright law, rights, transfer of copyright, infringement, Trademarks its objectives, types, rights, protection of goodwill, infringement, passing off, Defenses, Domain name.

Geographical Indications its justification, International Position, national level and Indian position.

UNIT III

Concept of Traditional Knowledge, traditional knowledge in international arena, at WTO, at Nationallevel, Traditional Knowledge Digital Library (TKDL). Bio-Prospecting and Bio-Piracy, Industrial Designs its objectives, rights, infringements, Defenses of Design, Infringement

UNIT IV

Plant Varieties Protection, its objectives, international position, Plant varieties protection in India. Rights of farmers, Breeders and Researchers. Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001, National gene bank, Benefit sharing.

Information Technology Related Intellectual Property Rights, Database and Data Protection, Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights, Moral Issues in Patenting Biotechnological inventions.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Plant Breeding	B. D. Singh	Kalyani Publisher
2	Introduction to Plant	H S Chawla	CRC Press
	Biotechnology		
3	An Introduction to Intellectual	Venkataraman M	Affliated East-West Press
	Property Rights		
4	Intellectual Property: The Law of	Bouchoux	Cenage Learning
	Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents,		
	and Trade Secrets		



BOT567 - PRACTICAL COURSE ON FUNGI, PATHOLOGY, ALGAE, LICHENS AND **BRYOPHYTES**

Course Code	BOT56	7	
Course Title PRAC		FICAL COURSE ON FUNGI, PATHOLOGY, ALGAE,	
		ENS AND BRYOPHYTES	
Course Type	Major Course		
Course Category	Practicum		
LTP	0	0 4	
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main		
	subject.		
Course Objective	To understand the different commonly occurring diseases and study the		
	specimens.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will able to earn about the morphological characters and	
	COI	reproductive structures of the different algal genera.	
	CO2	Students will able to earn about the morphological characters and	
		reproductive structures of the different Bryophyta and Lichens.	
	CO3	Students will able to earn about the morphological characters and	
		reproductive structures of the different fungi.	
	CO4	Students will learn phytopathology and disease cycle of different fungi	
Day Day		in plants.	

SYLLABUS (PRACTICAL)

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of morphological characters and reproductive structures of the genera mentioned in the theory.
- 2. Study of diseased specimens of plants with reference to symptomatology.
- 3. Isolation, purification and single spore culture of pathogens.
- 4. Demonstration of biological control of pathogenic fungi in vitro.
- 5. Collection and study of algae mentioned in theory, identification up to generic level using algal monographs.
- 6. Staining techniques of cytological studies.
- 7. Morphological and structural study of representative member of the following group using cleared whole amount preparation, dissection and section: Pelia, Porella, Marchantia, Mumortiera, Weisnerella, Sphagnum.
- 8. Experiments to study spore germination, formation of protonema and bud development.
- 9. Lichens.
- 10. Field Visits and Educational Tour.

10. Field Visits and Educational Tour.					
Text and	Text and Reference books:				
S. No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher		
1	Practical Plant Pathology	Vijay Yadav	New India Publishing Company		
2	Fungi & Plant Pathology	Annie Ragland , V. Kumaresan , N. Arumugam	Saras Publication		
3	Practical Manual of Algae	Rajan S. Sundara	Anmol Publisher		
4	Practical Manual for Bryophytes and Pteridophytes	Mohammed Gufran Khan	Lambert Academic Publishing		

BOT569 - PRACTICAL COURSE ON PLANT METABOLISM, BIOCHEMISTRY, WATER RELATION GROWTH, DEVELOPMENT AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Course Code	BOT569		
Course Title	PRACTICAL COURSE ON PLANT METABOLISM,		
	BIOCHEMISTRY, WATER RELATION GROWTH,		
	DEVELOPMENT AND BIOCHEMISTRY		
Course Type			
LTP	0 0 4		
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the basic instrumentation used in plant physiology and		
	biochemistry and different quantitative as well quantitative methods for		
	determination of biomolecules and activity of enzymes.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will use subject knowledge about amino acid structures		
	CO2 Students will gain insights into chemical properties of		
	biomolecules and relate to the synthesis and function of proteins.		
The The	Students will able to quantifying biomolecules like protein, amino		
	CO3 acids and chl.		
	CO4 Students will use subject knowledge to perform SDS PAGE.		

SYLLABUS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Determination of water potential in different tissues
- 2. Estimation of the Hill reaction activity
- 3. Estimation of total nitrogen by Kjaldahl method
- 4. Principle of colorimetry, spectrophotometry and fluorimetry
- 5. Determination of chlorophyll a and chlorophyll b, total chlorophyll (Arnon; s method)
- 6. Estimation of protein by Biuret and Lowry's method
- 7. Estimation of seed germination as affected by red and infrared radiation
- 8. Extraction and Estimation of starch
- 9. Determination of reducing sugars in fruits
- 10. Estimation of amino acids by ninhydrin
- 11. Separation and identification of sugars by paper chromatography
- 12. Separation of soluble protein by gel electrophoresis

12. Sepa	12. Separation of soluble protein by gel electrophoresis				
Text an	Text and Reference books:				
S.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher		
No.					
1	Practical in Plant Physiology and	Sunita Gupta, N.K.	Scientific Publishers.		
	Biochemistry	Gupta & M.K.			
	·	Sangha Manju Bala			
2	A Practical Manual for Plant	ShriramMirajkar,	Lambert Academic		
	Physiology and Biochemistry	Prashant Kale,	Publishing		
		Prashant Shingote			

SYLLABUS FOR MAJOR (DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE) COURSE UNDER COURSE CODE BOT569

PRACTICAL OF LANDSCAPING AND NURSERY TECHNIQUES

LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. Study of germination of dormant & non-dormant seeds (Pea, tomato, maize, bean).
- 2. To estimate bulk density and porosity of Garden soils.
- 3. To determine moisture content & water holding capacity of Garden Soils.
- 4. To determine the pH of the Garden Soils.
- 5. Seed viability test.
- 6. Study of different types of tools & accessories for Nursery.
- 7. Study of different types of Gardening.
- 8. Study of different types of Nurseries and their layout.
- 9. Raising nursery beds, sowing seeds, raising nurseries.
- 10. Propagations of plants through cuttings.
- 11. Propagation of Vegetable crops, fruit crops and ornamentals.
- 12. Weed management in the nurseries and nutrient addition.
- 13. Visit to a hi-tech nursery.
- 14. Study of different methods of vegetative propagation: a) propagation by specialized organs, layering, grafting and budding

S. No.	Name Name	Author(S)	Publisher Publisher
1	Hi Tech Horticulture	S Parsad, Dharam	Agro Bios
		Singh and B L	
		Bhardwaj	
2	Greenhouse Management	S Prasad and U	Agro Bios
1	for Horticulture Crops	Kumar	
3	Gardening In India	Bose T.K. and	Oxford & IBH
-		Mukherjee, D.	Publishing Co., New
			Delhi.
4	Plant Propagation	Sandhu, M.K.	Wile Eastern Ltd.,
	THE DIST	LIALANDEAS	Bangalore, Madras
5	Introduction to Horticulture	Kumar, N.	Rajalakshmi
			Publications. Nagercoil

SYLLABUS FOR MAJOR (DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE) COURSE UNDER COURSE CODE BOT569

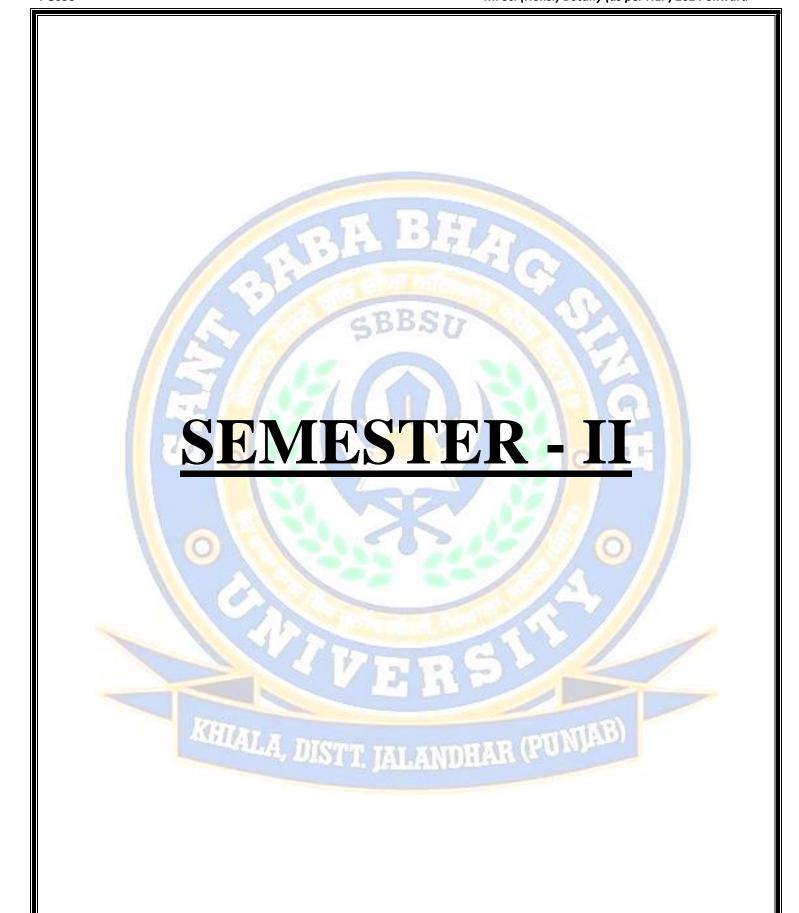
PRACTICAL OF MUSHROOM CULTIVATION

LIST OF PRACTICALS

- **1.** Introduction to **mushroom fungi**, nutritional value, edible and poisonous type, edible **mushrooms**
- 2. To study the different types of mushroom.
- **3.** To prepare the compost for the mushroom.
- **4.** Fumigation of the room for mushroom culture.
- 5. Inoculation of the mushroom and providing the favorable condition for mushroom growth.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Practical Text Book of Plant	DanielTremblyMacdougal	Logmans, Green and
	Physiology	100	Co.
2	Practical Manual of Plant Ecology	Sundara S. Rajan	Anmol Publisher
- U	and Plant Physiology		M total M





<u>SEMESTER II</u>

BOT552: BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF PTERIDOPHYTES AND GYMNOSPERMS

Course Code	BOT55	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Course Title	BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF PTERIDOPHYTES AND			
	GYMNOSPERMS			
Course Type	Theory			
LTP	4	0 0		
Credits	4			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. N	Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective		n the concepts of biology and diversity of pteridophytes and		
	gymnosperms and study their comparative morphology, anatomy and			
	ontolog	ical studies of different genera.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn about the evolution of present living plants		
	100	from ancestor alga, the development of vascular bundles and		
		seed formation from previous plants to present plants, the		
		different fossil plants of pteridophytes.		
	CO2	Students will learn about the concept of tall trees and their girth		
	/_	formation due to secondary growth in gymnosperm to		
		angiosperm, formation of different specialized organs from		
	/ 6	primitive plants like tracheid, vessels, phloem, flower, strobili,		
	cones, seeds, stem, leaves, roots and pollens.			
CO3 Students will learn about economic importan		Students will learn about economic importance of pteridophytes		
		and gymnosperm in present times.		
	CO4	Students will learn about the importance of fossils, palaeobotany,		
		and recent research in the area.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Pteridophytes: General characteristics, Salient features, origin and evolution, telome theory; Stelar and Sori evolution; Heterospory and Seed habit, Reproduction and Classification; economic importance Fossil pteridophytes: structural features and evolutionary significance of Psilophytales, Lepidodendrales, Calamitales

UNIT: II

Diversity, morphology, anatomy and reproduction in: Psilopsida (Psilotales), Lycopsida (Lycopodiales, Selaginellales, Isoetales), Sphenopsida (Equisetales), Ophioglossales, Eusporangiate ferns (Marattiales), Leptosporangiate ferns (Filicales, Marsileales, Salviniales).

UNIT: III

Gymnosperms: Habitat, distribution, origin and evolution, Reproduction, Classification, classification (Sporne, Christenhuez); economic importance; diversity and distribution in India. General account of Fossil gymnosperms: structural features and evolutionary significance of Pteridospermales, Cycadeoidales, Cordiatales.

UNIT: IV

General account, Diversity, morphology, anatomy and reproduction in: Cycadales, Ginkogoales, Coniferales, Taxales, Ephedrales, Gnetales, and Welwitschiales

Palaeobotany: Fossils: Types, Formation and their Preservation; Methods of study of fossils, Geological time scale and Palaeobotanical Research

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Botany for degree students	Vashista, B. R	S. Chand and
	Pteridophytes		Company limited.
2	Botany for degree students	Vashista, P. C., Sinha,	S. Chand and
	Gymnosperms	A.K., Kumar A.	Company limited
3	An Introduction to Pteridophytes.	Rashid, A. (1991).	Vikas Publishing
			House Pvt. Ltd. New
			Delhi
4	Gymnosperms	Bhatnagar, S. P.,	New Age
	SBI	Moitra. A.	International
			Publisher
5	Gymnosperms	O. P. Sharma	Pragati Prakash-
- //			Meerut



BOT554: REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF ANGIOSPERMS

Course Code	BOT 5	54		
Course Title	REPRO	ODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF		
	ANGIO	OSPERMS		
Course Type Theory				
LTP	4	0 0		
Credits	4			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.			
Course Objective	To lear	To learn the concepts of reproductive and developmental biology of		
	angiosperms.			
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn about the pattern of senescence and		
		programmed cell death (PCD), polyembryony and apomixes,		
		dynamics of fruit growth.		
	CO ₂	They will learn mechanisms of cell division and cell to cell		
	/ 4	communication & tissue differentiation with reference to xylem		
	1 .	and phloem. Plant development patterns.		
	CO3	It will familiarize students with concept of reproductive and		
	/	developmental biology of angiosperms.		
	CO4	Students will learn about genetics of flower development and		
1/10	9.0	different developmental aspects in the angiospermic plants.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Flower development: floral evocation, floral organ formation, flowering in perennials, seasonal flowering, polycarpy and biennial bearing. Male and female gametophyte: structure of anther, role of tapetum, micro-sporogenesis and development of pollen, regulation of asymmetric first pollen mitosis, control of second pollen mitosis and sperm cell differentiation, female gametophyte development: initiation, patterning, cell fate specification and maintenance of cell identities of female gametophyte. Co-evolution of flower *vis a vis* Pollinators

UNIT: II

Pollination, pollen-pistil interactions and fertilization: pollination mechanisms, pollination syndromes, structure of pistil, pollen germination and compatible pollenstigma interactions, sporophytic and gametophytic self-incompatibility, pollen tube growth and guidance, double fertilization Seed development, fruit growth and dormancy: endosperm development, embryogenesis- landmarks of embryo pattern formation, polyembryony and apomixes, dynamics of fruit growth, importance and types of dormancy, seed dormancy, overcoming seed dormancy, bud dormancy.

UNIT: III

Root development: organization of root apical meristem (RAM); vascular tissue differentiation; lateral roots, root hairs. Root microbe interaction. Leaf growth and differentiation: determination; phyllotaxy; control of leaf form; differentiation of epidermis with special reference to stomata, trichomes, and mesophyll Senescence and programmed cell death (PCD): concept, types of cell

death, mechanism of PCD. PCD in the life cycle of plants, metabolic changes associated with senescence significance of Pteridospermales, Cycadeoidales, Cordiatales.

UNIT: IV

Patterns in plant development: growth, differentiation and development, genetic control and hormonal regulation of development, physiology of hormones in plant development.

Shoot development: organization of the shoot apical meristem (SAM); cytological and molecular analysis of SAM; mechanisms of cell division and cell to cell communication; tissue differentiation with reference to xylem and phloem; secretary structures and laticifers Wood development in relation to environmental factors, Genetics of Flower Development in *Antirrhinum* and *Arabidopsis*.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	The Embryology of Angiosperms.	Bhojwani, S.S. and	Vikas Publishing
	CB1	Bhatnagar, S.P.	House, Delhi.
		1975.	
2	Seeds: Physiology of Development	Bewley,J.D. and	Plenum Press, New
	and Germination,	Black, M. 1994.	York.
3	Morphology of the Angilosperms.	Eames, A.J. 1961.	Tata McGraw Hill
8			Publishing Co.,
			Bombay.
4	An Introduction to the Embryology of	Maheshwari, P.	Tata McGraw Hill
	Angiosperms.	1950.	Publishing Co.
			Bombay – New Delhi.



<u>SEMESTER – II</u> BOT556: GENETICS AND PLANT BREEDING

Course Code	BOT55	BOT556		
Course Title	GENETICS AND PLANT BREEDING			
Course Type	Theory			
LTP	4	0 0		
Credits	4			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. N	Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of Genetics, Plant Breeding in plants			
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will acquire knowledge on floral biology and selection			
		of proper breeding method, and gain expertise on hybrid seed production techniques.		
	CO2	Students will learn the basics of genetics and hereditary, and cultivate skill in emasculation and pollination of various crop plants.		
///E.	CO ₃	Students will learn about the techniques of plant breeding which help to produce high yielding plant varieties.		
	CO4	Students will get the knowledge of evolution and help them to understand how plants evolve in all these years.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

A brief history, scope and significance of genetics, Mendel's law of inheritance, Lethality and interaction of genes. An introduction to Quantitative and Qualitative Characters: Dominance, Segregation, Pleiotropy, Penetrance and Expressivity, Modified Genes, Gene interaction and Linkage. Multiple Factor Hypothesis, Polygenic Inheritance and Continuous variation, Normal distribution, Components of Genetic variance. Selection theory; Hardy-Weinberg law, Genetic advance under selection

UNIT: II

Crossing over: theories of crossing over, Mapping of genes on chromosomes. Cytoplasmic inheritance. Heritability, Genotype × Environment interaction: Models; implications in testing programme stability of genotype performance. Criteria for selecting parents; Type of crosses and strategies; Sources of parent germplasm.

UNIT: III

Methods of plant breeding (Mass selection, Pureline selection, Pedigree method; Bulk method; Single-seed descent method; Backcross method; Production of doubled haploids), plant introduction, mass line and clonal selection. Euploidy: origin, meiosis and breeding behaviour of haploidy, autopolyploids and allopolyploids. Chromosome and chromatid segregation in autopolyploids Role of polyploidy in crop improvement and evolution of crop plants. Aneuploidy: types of aneuploids, origin, meiosis and breeding behaviour of aneuploids, aneuploid aberrations in humans. Biochemical genetics of *Neurospora*.

UNIT: IV

Mass selection-Genetic gain theory; Gardner's Grid system; Half-sib family selection, Ear-to-row selection; Modified ear-to-row selection; Half-sib recurrent selection (or test cross), Testers; S1 progeny recurrent selection; S2 family selection; Full-sib family recurrent selection. Reciprocal recurrent selection, Half sib and full sib.

Inbreeding; Methods of inbreeding; Inbreeding depression; Types of hybrid; Prediction of double and 3-way hybrid yields from single cross data; Top cross testers for inbred line development; Type of testers; Stage of testing.

Cultivar development- testing, release and notification, maintenance breeding, Participatory Plant Breeding, Plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights.

CN	Name/Title	Author	Publisher	
S.No.				
1	Genomes	Brown, T.A. (1999).	BIOS Scientific Publishers	
			limited, UK.	
2	Principles of Genetics.	Gardener, E.J., Simsons,	John Wiley Sons Inc., New	
		M.J., and Sinustad, D.P.	York.	
		(1991).		
3	Gene VII.	Lewin, B. (2000).	Oxford University Press,	
		2	New York.	
4	Genetics.	Strickberger, M.W. (2001).	Prentice-Hall, Inc.,	
			Englewood Cliffs, N.	
			Jersey.	
5	Evolutionary Biology	Douglas J. Futuyma.	Sinauer Publications.	
	(Third Edition)			
6	Cytogenetics of	Khush G.S. (1973).	Academic Press, New	
	Aneuploids.		York	
7	Genetics	Veer Bala Rastogi	KedarNath Ram Nath	
N.				



SEMESTER II DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE BOT558 - REMOTE SENSING AND ECOLOGICAL MODELLING

Course Code	BOT558	8	
Course Title	REMO'	TE SENSING AND ECOLOGICAL MODELLING	
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0	0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	Iedical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective To learn ab		about the basic of remote sensing GIS and ecological modelling.	
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn about the role of satellite and monitoring	
	importance.		
	CO2	They will learn about the formation of maps and advanced conceptual	
	3 54	knowledge and comprehensive understanding of the fundamental	
III III	0	principles in Remote sensing.	
	CO3	They will learn about the concepts of ecological modelling and know	
		about different software used in the remote sensing.	
	CO4 The students will be prepared to take up challenges as global		
11 the 11 the		competitive Geo Scientists/researchers in diverse areas of theoretical	
		as well as experimental GIS.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Remote sensing: Definition and data acquisition techniques.

Application of remote sensing in vegetation classification, understanding the key environmental issues and ecosystem management. Geoinformatics and geographic information sciences, components of geoinformatics, applications of geoinformatics, approach to the study of geoinformatics, legal implications, geoinformatics and environmental modelling.

GIS data collection, concept and techniques of geoinformatics. Surveying Technology: Introduction, surveyors, datum and reference systems, survey operations classification of surveys, principles of surveying, methods of surveying, stages in surveying, modern trends in surveying and mapping.

UNIT: II

Introduction, GPS elements, GPS satellite constellation and signals, GPS measurements, GPS instrumentation, earth resources satellites, meteorological satellites, satellite carrying microwave sensors, OCEANSAT-1(IRS-P4) and Ikonos satellite series.

Introduction, roots of GIS, overview of information system, the four Ms, GIS architecture, theoretical models of GIS, theoretical frame work for GIS, GIS softwares, GIS applications and GIS operations.

Role of remote sensing in Forest resource management, watershed Management, natural disaster management, and urban planning management.

UNIT: III

Exponential Population Growth: Finite rate of increase, population doubling time, life tables, life expectancy, net reproduction rate, generation time, intrinsic rate of natural increase, stable age distribution. Leslies matrix model for population growth in unlimited environment, finite rate of increase with stable age distribution.

UNIT: IV

Logistic Population Growth: Differential and matrix models for population growth in limited environment. Dispersal: Empirical models, random walk model. Interaction Between Two Species: Competition – Differential equations, Leslie-Gower Model, Lotka-Volterra model for predator – prey interaction, Leslie model, deterministic models for simple and general epidemics.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Principles of Remote Sensing	Curran, P.J. (1988)	Longman Scientific and
			Technical, Harlow.
2	Remote Sensing for Natural Resource	Ustin, S.L. (Ed.)	John Wiley & Sons,
	Management and Environmental	(2004).	U.S.A.
	M <mark>on</mark> itoring	5511	
3	Environmental Hazards	Smith, K.	Routledge Publishers,
1	The The The Total of the Total		London
4	Ecology.	Begon, M., Harper,	Blackwell Science,
- 11		J.L. and Townsend,	Cambridge
- 8		C.R. (1996)	
5	Ecology: Principles and Applications	Chapman, J.L. and	Cambridge
		Reiss, M.J. (1988)	University Press,
			Cambridge.
6	Ecological Diversity and its	Magurran, A.E.	Chapman & Hall,
	Measurement.	(1988).	London.
7	Aims and Methods of Vegetation	Muller-Dombois, D.	Wiley, New York.
	Ecology.	and Ellenberg, H.	
1		(1974).	



SEMESTER II DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE

BOT560 – FORESTRY

Course Code	BOT560)	
Course Title	FORESTRY		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0	0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	Course prerequisite B. Sc. Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn about the various types of forest in India, their contribution and various protection policies and rules.		
Course Outcome	CO1	O1 Students will learn about the practices of silviculture.	
	CO2	Students will be able to understand the various forest management practices and policies in forestry.	
	CO3	They will learn about various forest policies and different types of forest in India.	
		They will learn about the joint forest management and agroforestry, and effect of forests on climate.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Introduction – definitions of basic terms related to forestry, objectives of silviculture, forest classification. Forest regeneration, tending, thinning, pruning and harvesting.

Various interactions within forest communities, disturbances and succession, Gap dynamics.

UNIT: II

Salient features of Indian Forest Policies, Salient features of the Indian Forest Act1972 (preliminary, reserved forests, protected forests), different methods employed for conservation of forests

Ecosystem Services: Definition, General account; Different types; Significance.

UNIT: III

Forest regeneration, Natural regeneration - natural regeneration from seed and vegetative parts, coppicing, pollarding, root suckers; Artificial regeneration – objectives, choice between natural and artificial regeneration, essential preliminary considerations.

Climate of India, different climatic regions of India; Central characters and distribution of the different forest types of India.

Forest Effects: General effects of forests on climate, control of runoff, effects on snow, soil erosion, wild life, pollution control, nutrient cycling, social values and ecotourism, economic values, floods, green belts and control of temperature.

UNIT: IV

Social Forestry: Social forestry- social land allocation programmes (Taungya system). Economic benefits of social forestry.

Agroforestry: Role in- soil conservation, soil restoration, conservation of biodiversity.

Watershed management, Climate change and Forestry: Definition of climate change, impact of climate change on forests, adaptation of trees to climate change.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	A Manual of Indian Forest Botany	Bore, N.L	International Book
			Dist.
			New Delhi
2	A Text Book of Silviculture	Diwivedi, A.P	International Book
			Distributor
3	Forestry Principles and Applications	Antony Joseph Raj	Scientific Publisher
		and S B Lal	
4	Introduction to Forestry and Natural	Donald L. Grebner,	Elsevier
	Resources	Peter Bettinger and	
		Jacek P. Siry	



SEMESTER II DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE

BOT562 – ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL BOTANY

Course Code	BOT562	2
Course Title	ADVAN	NCED INDUSTRIAL BOTANY
Course Type	Theory	
LTP	4 0	0
Credits	4	
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. N	ledical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.
Course Objective	To learn about the various industrial application of the plant product and their	
	extraction	
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn about the different types of plants and their parts	
	7 34	used for industrial applications.
	CO2	They will learn about the different processes take place to produce the
		product from the raw material.
	CO3	They will learn about different types of industries and products based
		on plant and their parts.
	CO4	Students will gain insights into pharmaceutical industry, tanning &
	1	dying industry, agro-industry and role of plants in different industries.

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Physical characteristics of Indian woods: Methods of seasoning and chemical treatment of specialized use, fire proofing of the wood. Industrial manufacturing of packing material and plywood and the classifications of plywoods according to their use. Some important com, mercial woods: *Dalbergia* spp., *Shorea robusta*, *Tectona grandis*, *Cedrus deodara*, Bamboo-the 'green gold' of India. Manufacturing of paper and board from raw plant material: Manufacturing of crude and high quality paper, recycled paper.

UNIT: II

Extraction of sugar from sugar cane. Flow diagram of the process with a critical study of the steps involved, problems faced by the sugar industry in India. Bye-products of sugar industry, distillation of alcohol and other products with special reference to distilleries in Punjab. Agro industries in India with particular reference to Punjab. The manufacturing and packing of milk and milk products, pickles, jams, jellies, juices, pastes, sauces etc. Problems of storage and marketing.

UNIT: III

Sources of natural dyes in India and their extraction methods, merits and limitations of plant based dyes. Sources and methods of extractions of vegetable oils and fats and their utilization

UNIT: IV

An introduction to pharmaceutical industry in India, extraction of antibiotics from microorganisms. Medicines extracted from higher plants, Industrial manufacturing of quinine, the concept of nutraceuticals, their availability, uses & problems. Essential oil yielding plants of India, their use in perfumery and extraction, Sources of gums and resins and their classifications according to their chemical nature. Extraction of the raw resin and down the line processing for turpentine and other products.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Economic Botany in the Tropics.	Kochhar S. L. (1998).	MacMillan India
			limited, Delhi.
2	Economic Botany (3 rd Ed.)	Pandey B. P. (1984).	S. Chand & Company
			Ltd. New Delhi
3	The Common Commercial Timbers	Trotter H. (1982).	The Controller of
	of India And TheirUses.		Publications, Delhi.
4	The Useful Plants of India. (3 rd Ed.)	Ambasta S. P. (1994).	Publications &
			Information
			Directorate, New
			Delhi.



SEMESTER II BOT564: METABOLIC INTEGRATION

Course Code BOT5		4
Course Title	META	BOLIC INTEGRATION
Course Type	Theory	
LTP	3	0 0
Credits	3	
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. N	Medical/Life sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of metabolism of biomolecules, signal transduction and	
	Senescence in plants	
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn the different pathways of biomolecules synthesis a	
	1	regulation in plants.
	CO2	It will help students to understand the pathways of signal transduction
	1	which can later be used to carry out research and innovation by the
	7	students.
	CO3	Students will learn the concepts of metabolism of biomolecules, signal
	7	transduction and Senescence in plants.
	CO4	Students will gain a pervasive understanding on the biomolecules,
1100		metabolites and pathways that are the prerequisites and consequences of
		physiological phenomenon for further manipulations.

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Long distance transport: Introduction, Overview of diffusive and active transport in plants, Importance of channel dimensions in defining the transport properties of the apoplast and symplasm.

Comparison of xylem and phloem transport. Transpirational water movement in the xylem, Symplasmic transport *via* plasmodesmata, Phloem transport, Intercellular transport of endogenous macromolecules, Secondary Metabolites: types, biosynthesis and their role in plants.

UNIT: II

Nitrogen and sulphur: Introduction, Overview of nitrogen in the biosphere and in plants, Overview of nitrogen fixation, Enzymology of nitrogen fixation, Symbiotic nitrogen fixation, Ammonia uptake and transport, Overview of nitrate uptake and reduction, Nitrate reduction, Interaction between nitrate assimilation and carbon metabolism.

Overview of sulfate assimilation, Sulfur chemistry and function, Sulfur uptake and transport, The reductive sulfate assimilation pathway, Synthesis and function of glutathione and its derivatives.

UNIT: III

Signal perception and transduction: Introduction, Overview of signal transduction, receptors, specific examples of plant receptors, G-proteins and phospholipid signaling, Cyclic nucleotides, Calcium.

Protein kinases: primary elements in signal transduction, Particulars pathways of signal transduction associated with plant growth regulators, the future of plant cell signal transduction research.

UNIT: IV

Senescence and Programmed Cell Death: Types of cell deaths observed in animals and plants, PCD in the life cycle of plants.

Overview of senescence, Pigment metabolism during senescence, Protein metabolism in senescence, Impact of senescence of photosynthesis, Impact of senescence on oxidative metabolism, Degradation of nucleic acids during senescence.

Regulation of metabolic activity in senescing cells, Endogenous plant growth regulators and senescence, Environmental influences on senescence, Examples of developmental PCD in plants, Examples of PCD as a plant response to stress, Further questions and future directions for PCD research.

S. No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Biochemistry and Molecular Biology	Buchanan, B.B.,	American Society of
	of Plants.	Gruissem, W., and	Plant Physiologists,
		Jones, R.L. (2000).	Maryland.
2	Lehninger Principles of	Nelson, D. L., Cox,	Macmillan Learning,
	Biochemistry: 6th Edition	M.M	2012
	CB1	5511	
3	Galston, A.W. (1989).	Life Processes in	Scientific American
//		Plants.	Library, Springer-
			Verlag, New York.
5	Plant Physiology.	Taiz, L., and Zeiger,	Sinauer Associates,
8		E. (1998).	Inc., Publishers,
			Massachusetts.
6	Salisbury, F.B., and Ross, C.W.	Plant Physiology,	Wadsworth
	(1992).		Publishing Co.,
			California.



MAT540 - BIOSTATISTICAL METHODS

Course Code	MAT540		
Course Title BIOS		FISTICAL METHODS	
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	3 0 0		
Credits	3		
Course	B. Sc. Med	dical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
prerequisite			
Course Objective	To aware students about the use and significance of statistical techniques in		
	biological science.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn about the basics of statistic and its use in		
		botany.	
1	CO2	They will learn how to represent the graphical data of their analysis. They will learn about the various central tendencies and dispersion.	
		They will learn about the different methods of sampling and their analysis during data collection in botany.	

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Data collection, tabulation, Frequency distribution and its graphical representation

Measures of Central tendency: mean, mode, median

Measures of Dispersion: range, variance, Standard deviation and Standard error

UNIT: II

Mathematical definition of a probability event

Conditional probability

Additive and Multiple law of Probability

Theoretical Distributions: Binomial, Poisson and Normal

UNIT: III

Null Hypothesis and Level of Significance

Confidence limit and confidence interval

Skewness and Kurtosis moments.

Student's t- test (Paired and Unpaired)

ALANDHAR (PUNIAB) **UNIT: IV**

Chi Square test

Correlation: Covariance, Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient and Spearman's rank

correlation coefficient

Regression: Least square technique for regression lines, regression coefficient

Relation between Correlation and Regression

S.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
No.			
1	Introduction to Mathematics for	Batschelet, E	Springer-Verlag, Berlin
	Life Scientists		
2	Mathematical Biology	Murray, J.D.	Springer-Verlag, Berlin
3	Statistical Methods	Snedecor& Cochran	Affliated East-West Press
4	Biostatistics	P. Ramakrishnan	Saras Publications
5	Biostatistics: Basic Concepts and	Wayne W. Daniel	Wiley Publication
	Methodology for the Health		
	Sciences		



BOT566 - PRACTICAL COURSE ON PTERIDOPHYTES, GYMNOSPERMS, DEVELOPMENTAL AND REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

Course Code	BOT56	6		
Course Title	PRACTICAL COURSE ON PTERIDOPHYTES, GYMNOSPERMS,			
	DEVELOPMENTAL AND REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY			
Course Type	Practicum			
LTP	0	0 4		
Credits	2			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	Study of comparative morphology and anatomy of vegetative and reproductive			
		of different genera of pteridophytes and gymnosperms. To understand		
	different	erent developmental stages of plant embryology.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will observe the observed specimens and study about their		
I I I I I		vegetative and morphological characters in labs. Preparation of the TS		
		and LS sections of stem, roots, leaves, rhizomes of the plants and study		
	the anatomy of the plants.			
	CO ₂	Students will observe the gymnosperms and pteridophytes in their natural		
		habitats and will prepare the assignments of pteridophytes and		
	/ 4	gymnosperm and submit the specimen of their collections to the		
	7/ -	herbarium with their reports.		
- b.	CO3	O3 Students will learn about the different types of stomata in the plants.		
		Students will prepare their own slides of stomata and count the stomata		
		in the various plants.		

SYLLABUS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of morphology and anatomy of vegetative and reproductive tissues and organs using cleared whole mounts, dissections, sections, macerations and permanent preparation of living and fossil forms covered under theor.y
- 2. Study of Pteridophytes in their natural habitat.
- 3. Experiments on spore germination of prothallus, induction of sporophytes
- 4. Comparative study of the anatomy of vegetative and reproductive parts of Gingkgo, Cedrus, Abies, Taxodium, Podocarpus, Taxus, Ephedra and Gentum
- 5. Study of the important reproductive stages through specimens and permanent slides
- 6. Study of living shoot apex of Hydrilla
- 7. Study of cytological zonation in the shoot apical meristem in double stained permanent slides of any suitable plant.
- 8. Study of different leaf arrangements
- 9. Study of epidermal peels of leaves of appropriate to study various stomatal types
- 10. Study of anatomy of dicot and monoct roots and stems using appropriate materials
- 11. Study of microsporogenesis and gametogenesis in appropriate materials
- 12. Study of different types of ovules, embryo sacs through examination of permanent slides

S. No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Practical Manual for Bryophytes and	Mohammed Gufran Khan	Lambert Academic
	Pteridophytes		Publishing
2	Practical Botany (Cryptogams &	PrabhaChoudhary, Tarkeshwar	CBS Publishers &
	Gymnosperms)	Prasad S SChoudhary	Distributors
3	An Introduction to the Embryology of	Maheshwari, P. 1950.	Tata McGraw Hill
	Angiosperms.		Publishing Co. Bombay
			– New Delhi.

BOT568 - PRACTICAL COURSE ON GENETICS & PLANT BREEDING, AND METABOLIC INTEGRATION

Course Code	BOT568		
Course Title	PRACTICAL COURSE ON GENETICS & PLANT BREEDING, AND		
	METAE	BOLIC INTEGRATION	
Course Type	Practicu	ım	
LTP	0 0 4		
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the basic principles of metabolism and determination of probability		
	of genetics and of elective subject		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn about basic techniques such as staining, and observe the		
1000	cell structure and organelles.		
	CO2	Students will observe the chromosomes and learn about mitosis and mitotic division.	
	CO3 Students will learn about various plant metabolism during experimentation.		

SYLLABUS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Workout problems related to linkage, crossing over and gene mapping, human pedigree analysis.
- 2. Determination of probability for the throw of dice
- 3. Preparation and study of karyotype
- 4. X^2 test as applied to the result of above three experiments
- 5. Permutation and combination
- 6. Correlation analysis
- 7. Determination of genotype from the data provided
- 8. Determination of linkage values from the data provided and preparation of chromosome
- 9. Linear differentiation of chromosomes through banding techniques, such as G-banding, C-banding and Q-banding (Photographs/Slides).
- 10. Determination of various Mendelian ratio by checker board as well as by binomial equation
- 11. To grow plants under salt and drought stress and demonstration of different stress enzymes like catalase, superoxide dismutase, peroxidise

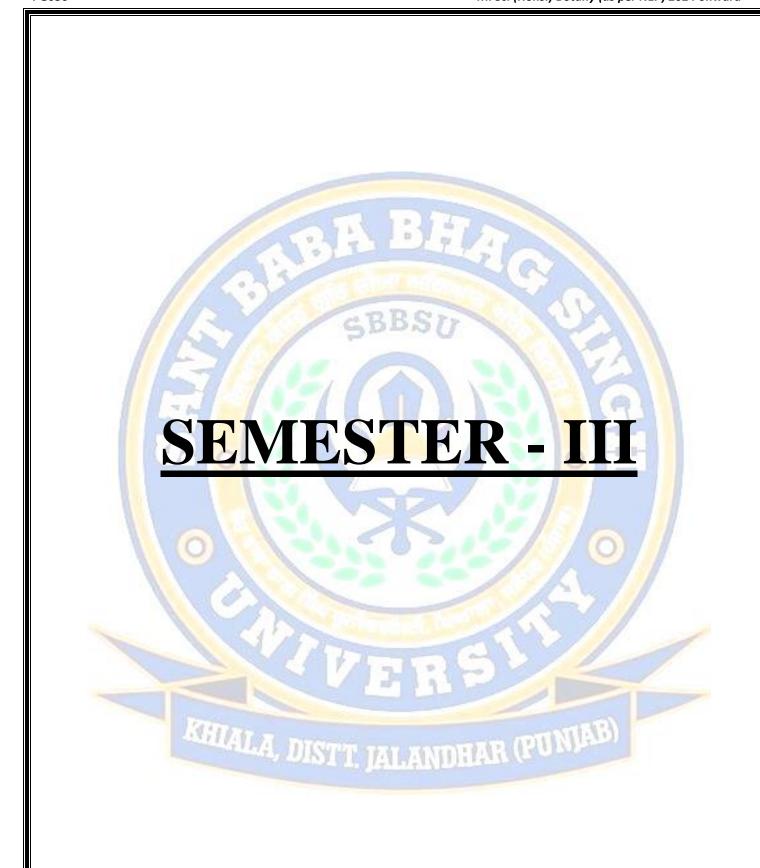
Text and Reference books:						
S. No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher			
1	Practical and Numerical problems in	Singh, P.	Kalyani Publishers			
	Plant Breeding		(2013)			
2	Practical Handbook of Genetics	Pali, V.	Kalyani Publishers			

BOT570 – SUMMER INTERNSHIP

Course Code	BOT57	0	
Course Title	SUMMER INTERNSHIP		
Course Type	Practicu	ım	
LTP	0	0 4	
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To gain exposure to industry projects; interactions with professionals and other summer interns; and improving their presentation, writing, and communication skills, and it provides as an opportunity for the better placements of the students.		
the workplace, and understand industry/company/corporates/organization		Transfer their analytical, integrative, team skills honed in the classroom to the workplace, and understand the complexities of the industry/company/corporates/organizations first hand Identify opportunities for networking with people in industry/company/	
	corporates/organizations; CO3 Aim for pre-placement offers where feasible/appropriate		

GUIDELINES

- 1. It is mandatory for a student to successfully complete the Summer Internship.
- 2. Summer Internship is for a period of 6 weeks starting from mid of May. (In case, more time is required the internship should begin early, so that it does not extend beyond 31st July).
- 3. Summer Internship will carry a weightage of two credits (four contact hours).
- 4. Each student will be allotted a Faculty Guide from the University and a company/industry/industry/corporates/organizations mentor.
- 5. The Summer Internship will be assessed not only by the company/industry/ industry/ corporates/organizations mentor but also by faculty mentor.
- 6. Any adverse remarks from the industry/ corporates/organizations may lead to rejection of the report.
- 7. The final summer internship report has to be submitted to the Faculty Guide/mentor within 15 days from the date of joining III trimester (latest by 15th August).
- 8. The student is required to prepare 5 hard copies of the report (1 for student, 1 for faculty mentor, 1 for company/industry/ industry/ corporates/organizations, 1 for department and 1 for library record). The soft copy should be submitted with both the faculty and company mentors.
- 9. The student will be required to make presentation of summer project/internship before internal panel of faculty members on a given date.
- 10. Summer Internship (2 credit, only practicum course) shall be carried out during summer vacations after second semester. Evaluation of 2nd semester internship to be done after submission of internship report and viva-voce of the students. The Summer Project/internship will carry two credits (100 marks). For this purpose, the basis for assessment will be:
 - a. Evaluation by panel of faculty members,
 - b. Evaluation by Company Mentor (Feed Back Form),
 - c. Observations of faculty guide and
 - d. Activity cum progress report.
- 11. Summer Project Evaluation is done by awarding the grades directly.



RM651: BASICS OF RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES

Course Code	RM651		
Course Title	BASICS OF RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN BIOLOGICAL		
	AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4	1 0	
Credits 5			
Course prerequisite B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subjections.		Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	ourse Objective To learn the basic concepts of research methodology.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn basic aspects of research like experimental	
	design, collection and analysis of data.		
	7		
	CO2	Students will learn basic tools for writing and preparing a	
	/	research report. familiarity with the basics of research for proper	
		planning and execution of their research work but also in the	
	/ 4	compilation of work.	
	CO3	They will develop basic skills in computers and research.	
	CO3	They will develop basic skills in computers and research.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Outline of basic statistics and research methodology, Importance of statistics in Biological Sciences and Analytical chemistry, Statistical measures such as mean, variance and standard deviation with emaphasis on practical problems associated with biological and chemical sciences; Difference between sample and the population, sampling techniques; Calculation of errors and definition of residuals; The normal distribution of random set of data and its implication on data analysis; Experimental Design.

UNIT: II

Definition of confidence level; Degree of freedom; Linear regression and the calibration curve; correlation coefficient; The regression equation; Limits of detection; Q test; Data evaluation and Comparison; t-test for comparing the means of different data sets; F-Test for testing differences between standard deviations of data sets for comparing precision; Analysis of variance (one way and two way ANOVA).

UNIT: III

Computer-based tools for research purpose: MS-Windows basics; MS-Word – Meaning of Word–Processing, Creating, Saving, Printing documents, Formatting, Spell-Check, Adding page numbers, Header and Footer, Macros, Creating tables, Converting table to text and vice–versa, Mail Merge; MS-Excel – Spreadsheets, Using different types of formulae, Creating graphs and charts, Exporting charts to MS-Word; MS-PowerPoint – Creating presentations, Formatting, Adding effects and timings.

UNIT: IV

An Insight into Research: What is Research?, Objectives of Research, Significance of Research, Research Techniques, Finding Research Materials, Scientific Writings, History of Scientific Writing, Writing a Review Paper and Thesis.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Research Design: Qualitative,	John W. Creswell and	Sage Pubns; 5th edition
	Quantitative, and Mixed Methods	J. David Creswell	(2 January 2018)
	Approaches		
2	The Craft of Research	Wayne C. Booth,	University of Chicago
		Gregory G. Colomb,	Press; 4th edition (28
		and Joseph M.	October 2016)
		Williams	
3	Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step	Ranjit Kumar	Sage Publications
	Guide for Beginners		
4	Research Methodology: methods and	CR Kothari & Gaurav	New Age
	techniques	Garg	International
		P	Publishers; Fourth
			edition (1 September
			2019)
5.	Research ethics.	Dooly, M., Moore, E.,	Research-publishing.
	Spi	& Vallejo, C.	net. (2017).
		33. 1322,33, 3.	



BOT651: TAXONOMY AND BIODIVERSITY

Course Code	BOT65	1	
Course Title	TAXONOMY AND BIODIVERSITY		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4	0 0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	Iedical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of taxonomy and biodiversity		
Course Outcome CO1 Students will learn how to use different keys for the identification of plants.		Students will learn how to use different kinds of identification keys for the identification of plants.	
	CO2	Students will learn about the historical prospects of ICBN and nomenclature types, Botanical Survey of India, IUCN, Red dat book and its role and function.	
	CO3	They will learn different biodiversity issues and its impact on ecosystem and environment.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Introduction to the concept and elements of biodiversity, magnitude of extant species, Congruence. Biodiversity profile of India with different zones and its comparison with that of the world. Techniques for assessment of plant diversity, Spatial and temporal assessment, Assessment of threats to biodiversity (qualitative and quantitative).

UNIT: II

In-situ management of biodiversity, protected area system in India and its role in biodiversity management. Trans-boundary issues in biodiversity management. Ex-situ management of biodiversity. Role of zoos, biodiversity parks, gene banks, tissue culture etc. in biodiversity management. Introduction to international policies and legal instruments for biodiversity conservation; nature of treaties, formation of treaties, participation in treaties, interpretation of treaties and reservations. Major international conventions for biodiversity protection, conservation and management. National biodiversity strategy and action Plan. Biodiversity Bill

UNIT: III

Botanical nomenclature, ICBN, Principles, recommendation and amendments of code, Practice of nomenclature: type method (concept and kinds); author citation; effective and valid publication; basionyms and synonyms; homonyms; autonyms and tautonyms.

Plant identification: methods of identification; dichotomous keys (kinds and construction); polyclaves (a brief account). Familiarity with botanical literature, monographs, icons and floras, important periodicals with emphasis on Indian floristics, methods of literature consultation, cybertaxonomy (concept and scope), e-floras and e-herbaria

UNIT: IV

Botanical exploration-historical perspective, Botanical survey of India, its organization and role Threat assessment, different categories of threat, IUCN, CBD, Red Data Book, Important threatened plants of India. Indian Biodiversity Act 2002 and Rules. Human Impact on Biodiversity Resources. Spatio-temporal dependence of different communities on biodiversity resources. Biodiversity Hotspots: concept; Biodiversity hotspots of India

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Taxonomy of Angiosperms	Naik, V. N.	Tata McGraw-Hill
			Education 1984
2	Taxonomy of Vascular Plants	Lawrence H M	Scientific Publishers
		George.	(India) (2012)
3	Biodiversity	E.O. Wilson, Editor,	National Academic
		Frances M. Peter,	Press, Washington,
			D.C.
4	Biodiversity and Conservation	Peter J. Bryant	School of Biological
			Sciences, University
			of California
5	Forest Policy and Law	S.S. Negi	Dehradun
6	Biogeography of India,1st Edn.	Mani, M.S.	Springer



BOT653: ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Course Code	BOT653		
Course Title	ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of ecological principles and their interaction with		
	environment		
Course Outcome CO1 Student will apply the knowledge in ecological modeling, u mechanism of ecological succession and Ecosystem function			
	CO2 Students will understand the composition of biotic and abiotic factors.		
	CO3 It will give him knowledge of ecosystem balance and also imparts a sense of responsibility about environment and wild life.		

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Population ecology: population characteristics; population growth curves; population regulation; life history strategies (r and K selection); concept of metapopulation – demes and dispersal, interdemic extinctions, age structured populations. Habitat and niche: concept of habitat and niche; niche width and overlap; fundamental and realized niche; resource partitioning; character displacement. Species interactions: types of interactions, interspecific competition, herbivory, carnivory, pollination, symbiosis.

UNIT: II

Community ecology: nature of communities; community structure and attributes; species diversity and its measurement, richness and evenness; edges and ecotones; guilds Community development: temporal changes (cyclic and non-cyclic); mechanism of ecological succession (relay floristics and initial floristic composition; facilitation, tolerance and inhibition models, resource ratio hypothesis); changes in ecosystem properties, concept of climax and its characterization. Community stability: diversity- disturbance, and diversity stability relationships; ecology of plant invasion- process of invasion.

UNIT: III

Ecosystem organization: biotic component-food chains, food web, trophic cascades; abiotic component-soil formation, soil profile development, soil horizons and soil classification. Ecosystem function: primary production (gross and net primary production, controlling factors and methods of measurement), energy flow pathways, ecological efficiencies; litter accumulation and decomposition (mechanisms, substrate quality and climatic factors).

UNIT: IV

Diversity Patterns: species abundance distribution, diversity patterns (latitudinal gradient-contributory factors and explanatory theories). Sampling theory and various sampling strategies (random, stratified and systematic), Species area curve and determination of sample size for biodiversity assessment. Concept of species, species richness, evenness and diversity. Various measures of species richness, evenness and diversity. Biogeography: MacArthur and Wilson's island biogeography equilibrium theory: limitations and modifications; colonization vs. extinction; species area relationship Biomes: types (terrestrial and aquatic), distribution and unique features

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Ecology and Environment	P.D. Sharma	Rastogi Publications,
			'Gangotri' Shivaji
			Road, Meerut
2	Ecology: Principles and Applications.	Chapman, J.L. and	Cambridge University
		Reiss, M.J. (1988).	Press, Cambridge.
3	Fundamentals of Ecology.	Odum, E.P. (1971).	Saunders,
			Philadelphia
4	Basic Ecology.	Odum, E.P. (1983)	Saunders,
			Philadelphia
5	Methods in Plant Ecology.	Moore, P .W and	Blackwell Scientific
		Chapman, S.B.	Publications,
		(1986).	Cambridge.



BOT655: PLANT ANATOMY AND CYTOGENETICS

Course Code	BOT655		
Course Title	PLANT ANATOMY AND CYTOGENETICS		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0	0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of plant cell and tissue and anatomy of plants organs,		
	cytogenetics and molecular mechanism of DNA replication, transcription		
	and translation.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn the concepts of cell and its organelles	
	CO2 They will learn the anatomy of plants and its different parts		
	CO3	They will learn about cell division, replication and transcription	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

The Plant cell: Structure, Organization. Plant cell wall structure and its synthesis, cystoliths, phytoliths, their distribution in plant groups and plant body, role in taxonomy, the cell and tissue systems, Primary structure of stem, root and leaves, types of steles, vascular cambium and its origin, secondary growth in angiosperms

UNIT: II

Types of nodes in dicot and monocot, leaf trace, node internode transition leaf gaps, types of fruits and seeds, ultrastructure of fruits and seeds, secretary ducts and laticifers. Anatomy of stem and root in relation to habit and growth form, aerial and buttress roots, haustoria and other special structures of epiphytes, parasites, mycorrhizas and nitrogen fixers. Leaf anatomy in relation to photosynthesis and transpiration, anatomical modification of xerophytes and hydrophytes.

UNIT: III

Nucleus: Structure, nucleolus organization, Generalized structure of plant cell organelles. Chromosome: Structure, molecular basis of chromosome structure. DNA: packaging of DNA, Nucleosome, nuclear membranes, C-value paradox, Cot curves, Chemical structure, genetic code, Prokaryotic genome organization, Variation in chromosome and its significance. Chromosomal aberrations: Heteroploidy, structural changes in chromosomes

UNIT: IV

Meiosis: Origin and molecular events during meiosis. Mitosis: Origin and molecular events during mitosis. DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Transcription, RNA splicing. Translation, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic gene regulation

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Plant Anatomy	Pandey B P	S Chand
2	Plant Physiology	Taiz and Zeinger	Sinauer Associates
3	Cell Biology, Genetics and Molecular	Verma P.S. & V.K.	S. Chand. Pvt. Ltd
	Biology	Agarwal, (2000)	
4	Cell and Molecular biology	De Robertis, E.D.P.	Lea and Febiger,
		and Robertis, E.M.F	Washington
		(1991)	
5	Molecular Cell biology	Darnell, J., Lodish,	W. H. Freeman
		KL and Baltimore, D.,	Publishers.
		(2008)	



SEMESTER III BOT657: PLANT TISSUE CULTURE AND GENETIC ENGINEERING

Course Code	BOT65	7	
Course Title	PLANT	TISSUE CULTURE AND GENETIC ENGINEERING	
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4	0 0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	ledical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	To learn	the concepts of Plant Tissue Culture and Genetic Engineering.	
	To understand the different principles and methods of genetic		
	enginee	ring.	
Course Outcome	CO1 Student will able to apply the subject knowledge about to		
		design experiments in recombinant DNA technology,	
	polymerase chain reaction (PCR), technique of somatic		
	hybridization.		
	CO2 Students will learn about the importance of tissue culture in the		
	plant breeding and conservation programme.		
	CO ₃	They will understand the techniques of organogenesis, somatic	
	/ 4	embryogenesis and germplasm conservation.	

SYLLABUS

Unit: I

Introduction: historical perspective and scope Cellular totipotency: concept, cytodifferentiation and its mechanism Cell culture and cell cloning: isolation of single cells from plant organs and cultured tissues; cell suspension culture, culture of single cells; organogenesis-processes and controlling factors, shoot- bud differentiation and somatic embryogenesis

Unit: II

Haploids: androgenic and gynogenic; ontogeny of androgenic haploids, applications of haploids in plant breeding. Somatic hybridization: isolation, culture and fusion of protoplasts; selection, regeneration and utility of hybrids and cybrids. Industrial applications: production of secondary metabolites and their applications, hairy root cultures and bioreactors Germplasm conservation: cryopreservation of plant cells and organs, short term and long term storage.

Unit: III

Recombinant DNA technology: gene cloning principles, restriction enzymes characteristics and utility, cloning vehicles and their properties (plasmids, phages, phagemids and cosmids), artificial chromosomes (YAC), construction of recombinant DNA. Isolation of gene of interest - gel electrophoresis, southern blotting, genomic and cDNA libraries, bacterial transformation and selection of recombinants,1 polymerase chain reaction (PCR) – principle, technique and applications.

Unit: IV

DNA sequencing: Maxam-Gilbert's chemical degradation and Sanger's chain termination method, molecular markers (RAPD, AFLP, SSR & SNP) – concept and utility. Genetic engineering of plants: Agrobacterium the natural genetic engineer, Ti plasmids, mechanism of gene transfer, applications of transgenic plants. Direct methods of gene transfer (electroporation and biolistics), biosafety - possible ecological risks and ethical concerns of GM crops. Genomics and proteomics: concept and applications, microarray technology and its applications. Brief account of gene silencing; antisense RNA technology and RNA interference (RNAi).

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	An Introduction to Biotechnology	Gupta P.K., (1990),	Rastogi Publications,
	-	_	Meerut.
2	Plant Tissue Culture. Theory Practice	Bhojwani, S.S. and	Elsevier science
		M.K. Razdan (1983),	publications
			Amsterdam
3	Hand Book of Plant Cell Culture,	Ammirato, P.V., D.A.	McGraw Hill
	Vols. 1 − 5.	Evans, N.D. Sharp	Publishing Company,
		and Y.P.S. Bajaj	New York.
		(1990).	
4	Principles of Gene Manipulation: An	Old, R.W. and	Blackwell Scientific
	Introduction to Genetic Engineering,	Primrose S.B. (1991).	Publications, Oxford.
5	Applied and Fundamental Aspects of	Reinert, J. and Bajaj,	Springer Verlang,
	Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture,	Y.P.S. (1977).	Berlin.
	Plant Molecular Biology	Grierson, D., and	Black Publishers,
		Covey, S.N. (1984).	New York



BOT659: ADVANCED CELL BIOLOGY

Course Code	BOT659		
Course Title	ADVANCED CELL BIOLOGY		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of advanced cell biology to understand the molecular		
	mechanisms of development of multicellular organisms, transport across		
	membranes, phototrophic energy metabolism and cell cycle regulation.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn about the evolution of cells, transport of molecules		
	among cells, signaling and their regulation.		
	CO2 They will understand the molecular mechanisms of development of		
	multicellular organisms		
	CO3 They will also learn about the cancer cell and their regulation.		
	50000		

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Cells as experimental models: Escherichia coli, Yeasts, Dictyostelium discoideum, Caenorhabditis elegans, Drosophila melanogaster, Arabidopsis thaliana.

Fractionation and marker enzymes and functional integrity, FACS, separation techniques for membrane proteins. Structural organization and function of intracellular organelles (Cell wall, nucleus, mitochondria, Golgi bodies, lysosomes, endoplasmic reticulum, peroxisomes, plastids, vacuoles, chloroplast, structure & function of cytoskeleton and its role in motility)

UNIT: II

Structure of model membrane, lipid bilayer and membrane protein diffusion, osmosis, ion channels, active transport, membrane pumps, mechanism of sorting and regulation of intracellular transport, electrical properties of membranes.

Targeting proteins to endoplasmic reticulum, signal recognitionparticle, signal recognition particle receptor, protein folding and processing in ER protein export from ER; Protein sorting and export from Golgi Apparatus; SNARE hypothesis; Protein import into Mitochondria, mitochondrial genome; Import and sorting of chloroplast protein. Cellular energy transactions: Role of mitochondria and chloroplasts. Oxidative metabolism in Mitochondira: Electron transport chain, Chemiosmotic coupling, role of mitochondria in the formation of ATP.

UNIT III

Phototrophic Energy Metabolism: Light Harvesting, NADPH Synthesis, ATP Synthesis. Signal Transduction: An Overview, Cell signalling: Modes of cell-cell signaling, hormones and their receptors, functions of cell surface receptors, pathways of intracellular signal transduction.

UNIT: IV

Cell cycle mechanism and its molecular basis, cytokinesis, Regulators of cell cycle progression: MPF, families of cyclins and cyclin dependent kinases, Growth factors, cell cycle inhibitors. Cancer: Properties of cancer cells, types of cancer, virus-induced cancer, oncogenes tumor suppressor genes, Apoptosis. Cilia, flagella of eukaryotes and prokaryotes, their molecular mechanism.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	The World of the Cell.	Becker, W.M.,	The
		Kleinsmith, L.J. and	Benjamin/Cummings
		Hardin, J. (2000).	Publishing Company.
2	The Cell – A Molecular Approach.	Cooper, G.M. (2000).	ASM Press,
			Washington, D.C.
3	Cell and Molecular Biology:	Karp, G. (1999).	John Wiley & Sons
	Concepts and Experiments.		Inc., New York.
4	Cell Biology: Molecular and Cell	Smith, C.A. and	Chapman & Hall,
	Biochemistry.	Wood, E.J. (1993).	London
5	Cell Biology: Organelle Structure and	Sadava, D.E. (1993).	Jones and Barlett
	Function.		Publishers, Boston,
			London.



BOT661: MOLECULAR GENETICS AND CELL COMMUNICATION

Course Code	BOT66	1	
Course Title	MOLECULAR GENETICS AND CELL COMMUNICATION		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4	0 0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	Iedical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of molecular genetic transformations. To understand		
	molecular genetic mechanism of DNA recombination.		
Course Outcome	CO1	CO1 Students will able to apply the subject knowledge to design	
	experiments in genetic engineering		
	CO2 They will able to understand the basics of Recombinant DNA		
	technology		
	CO3 They will understand the basic behind the Genetically Modified		
		Organism	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Recombination in bacteria, genetic transformation, conjugation and transduction and their role in mapping of bacterial genes Plasmids – general properties and regulation of replication (control of copy number).

UNIT: II

Genetics of phages – molecular basis of lytic and lysogenic life cycle; genetic recombination in phage; deletion mapping Concept of gene and allele, Cis-Trans/complementation test, genetic fine structure (r-II locus).

UNIT III

Mutations: types of mutations; molecular basis of gene mutation; site directed mutagenesis Transposable elements and its molecular basis, Transposable elements in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, transposon induced mutations. Concept of proto-oncogenes and oncogenes.

UNIT: IV

DNA recombination mechanisms, molecular mechanism of recombination; Multigene families and their evolution Chromosome mapping in eukaryotes: genetic and physical mapping of genes/chromosomes, restriction mapping-concept and applicability.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Genomes.	Brown, T.A. (1999).	BIOS Scientific
			Publishers limited,
			UK.
2	Principles of Genetics.	Gardener, E.J., Simsons,	John Wiley Sons Inc.,
	_	M.J., and Sinustad, D.P.	New York
		(1991).	

3	Gene VII	Lewin, B. (2000).	Oxford University
			Press, New York.
4	Genetics.	Strickberger, M.W. (2001).	Prentice-Hall, Inc.,
			Englewood Cliffs, N.
			Jersey.
5	Evolutionary Genetics.	Smith, J. M. (1998).	Oxford University
	-		Press, New York.
6	Principles of Genetics,	Snustab, D. P., Simmons, M.	John Wiley and Sons,
		J. and Jenkins, J. B. (1997).	Inc., New York.



BOT663: ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES IN PLANT SCIENCES

Course Code	BOT66	3	
Course Title	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES IN PLANT SCIENCES		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4	0 0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	Iedical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.	
Course Objective	The objective of this course is to expose the students to different analytical		
	techniq	hniques which can be used to study different biological processes.	
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will able to get introduced to the fields of various	
		instruments used in Botany/Plant Sciences including the basic	
	principle - application and working.		
	CO2 They will able to understand the basic bioinstrumentation,		
	molecular tools and techniques essential for the understanding of		
	life sciences and Botany.		
	CO3 They will understand the basic behind the microscopy,		
The The	spectrophotometry, chromatography and tracer techniques in		
		biology.	

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

IMAGING AND RELATED TECHNIQUES Principles and application of microscopy; Light microscopy; Fluorescence microscopy; Confocal microscopy; Transmission and Scanning electron microscopy – sample preparation and staining techniques.

UNIT: II

CELL FRACTIONATION AND RADIOISOTOPES Introduction, Basic Principle of Sedimentation, components and different types of centrifuges - Differential and density gradient centrifugation, analytical centrifugation, ultracentrifugation. Basic concept of radio isotope, Radioactive Isotopes and Half Life of isotopes; GM and scintillation counter, autoradiography, Principles and applications of Tracer Techniques in Biology.

UNIT: III

CHROMATOGRAPHY Basic principle and biological applications. Paper chromatography; Column chromatography, TLC, GLC, HPTLC, Ion-exchange chromatography; Size exclusion chromatography; Affinity chromatography.

UNIT: IV

SPECTROPHOTOMETRY Properties of Electromagnetic radiations; Beer Lambert's Law, Extinction Coefficient, Principle and Applications of UV-Visible light Spectroscopy. Atomic absorption and Flame emission spectroscopic techniques.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Principles and techniques of	Wilson, Keith and	Cambridge Univ.
	Biochemistry and molecular Biology.	Walker, John 2009	Press, India
2	An introduction to practical	Plummer, David T.	Tata McGraw Hill
	Biochemistry	<u>1996</u>	
3	Experimental Biochemistry	Rao, B. S. and	I. K. International Pvt.
		Deshpande, V. 2000	Ltd., New York
4	An Introduction to Practical	Plummer, D.T.	Tata McGraw- Hill
	Biochemistry.	(1996).	Publishing Co. Ltd.
			New Delhi. 3rd
			edition.
5	Short Protocols in Molecular Biology.	Ausubel, F., Brent, R.,	John Wiley & Sons.
		Kingston, R. E.,	3rd edition
	77	Moore, D.D.,	7 (2)
	CRI	Seidman, J.G., Smith,	
		J.A., Struhl, K.	
/		(1995).	11
6	Plant Microtechnique and	Ruzin, S.E. (1999).	Oxford University
	Microscopy.		Press, New York.
- 11			U.S.A.



RM655: PUBLICATIONS AND RESEARCH ETHICS

Course Code	RM655		
Course Title	PUBLICATIONS AND RESEARCH ETHICS		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	2 0 0		
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the basic concepts of research publications and ethics.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn research philosophy and ethics.		
	CO2 Students will familiarize with scientific conduct.		
	CO3 They will develop publication ethics and best practices in research.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

- 1. Introduction to philosophy: definition, nature and scope, concept, branches.
- 2. Ethics: definition, moral philosophy, nature of moral judgements and reactions.
- 3. Ethics with respect to science and research
- 4. Intellectual honesty and research integrity

UNIT: II

- 1. Scientific misconducts: Falsification, Fabrication, and Plagiarism (FFP)
- 2. Software tools: Use of plagiarism software like Turnitin, Urkund and other open source software tools
- 3. Redundant publications: duplicate and overlapping publications, salami slicing
- 4. Selective reporting and misrepresentation of data.

UNIT: III

- 1. Publication ethics: definition, introduction and importance
- 2. Group Discussions: Subject specific ethical issues, FFP, authorship.
- 3. Conflicts of interest. Complaints and appeals: examples and fraud from India and abroad
- 4. Best practices / standards setting initiatives and guidelines: COPE, WAME, etc.

UNIT: IV

- 1. Publication misconduct: definition, concept, problems that lead to unethical behavior and vice versa, types
- 2. Violation of publication ethics, authorship and contributorship
- 3. Identification of publication misconduct, complaints and appeals
- 4. Predatory publishers and journals

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Research ethics.	Dooly, M., Moore,	Research-publishing. net.
		E., & Vallejo, C.	(2017).
2	Research ethics: Cases and	Penslar, R. L. (Ed.).	Indiana University Press.
	materials.		(1995).
3	Research ethics in the real	Kara, H.	Bristol: Policy Press.
	world.		(2018).

BOT655: Practical Course on Discipline Specific Electives

Course Code	BOT655		
Course Title	Practical Course on Discipline Specific Electives		
Course Type	Practicu	ım	
LTP	0	0 4	
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the basic concepts of tools and techniques relevant to theory.		
Course Outcome	CO1	Students will learn the biological techniques.	
	CO2	Students will familiarize with the different branches of research	
	100	in plant sciences.	
	N M		
	CO3	They will have hand-on-training experience.	
		DDC	

GUIDELINES:

The candidate has to choose any two majors (discipline specific electives) in Semester III. According to the choice of the candidate for theory courses, a combined practical course of 2 credits will be taught. The relevant practical can be opted from the following list by the course teacher:

TENTATIVE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Staining
- 2. Study of microscope
- 3. Study of the size and shape of the cell
- 4. Vital staining
- 5. Staining of mitochondria
- 6. Study of chloroplast
- 7. Cytoplasmic streaming
- 8. Study of meiosis by squash and smear method
- 9. Study of internal structure of plant cell wall, stem, roots and leaves.
- 10. Study of special structure of monocot stem such as Dracena and Nyctanthes secondary growth, Kranz anatomy, Xerphytic leaves, Hydrophytic, stem leaves and root
- 12. Study of salivary and meiotic chromosome
- 13. Camera-Lucida diagrams of chromosome
- 14. Study of ultra structure of various cell organelles from electrom micrographs
- 15. Washing and sterilization of glassware.
- 16. Techniques for establishment of callus cultures and study of different types of calli viz. Compact, friable and nodular types.
- 17. In vitro differentiation of roots and shoots in suitable explants.
- 18. Demonstration of rhizogenesis in *Glycine max*.
- 19. DNA extraction protocol and its quantification by UV- spectrophotometric method
- 20. Demonstration of DNA sequencing by Sanger's dideoxy method.
- 21. Demonstration of RAPD, SSR and AFLP analysis.

- 22. Demonstration of PCR, centrifuge, deep freezer, and gel electrophoresis apparatus
- 23. Gel electrophoresis techniques and analysis
- 24. Preparation of cleared whole mounts of floral parts of polypetalae, Sympetalae and monocots for vasculature
- 25. Description of specimen
- 26. Preparation of models (plasticine/thermocol) of vascular skelton of flower and placentation
- 27. Location of key characters, use of keys at generic levels, after description a collective exercise
- 28. Location of key characters, use of keys at family levels
- 29. Identification of diagnostic characters and use of key (Provided) at level of various families after description has been made
- 30. Determination of minimum size of quadrat by species area curve method
- 31. Determination of minimum number of quadrat by species area curve method
- 32. Determination of frequency of various species by quadrat method and preparation of frequency diagram.
- 33. Determination of density of quadrat method
- 34. Determination of abundance of species by quadrat method
- 35. Determination of relative density by quadrat method
- 36. Preparation of biological spectrum of a locality

Text and Reference books:							
S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher				
1	Practical Manual of Plant Morphology	Rajan S. Sundara	Anmol Publications,				
			Publishers &				
			Distributors				
2	Practical Manual of Plant Ecology and	Sundara S. Rajan	Anmol Publisher				
- 1	Plant Physiology	100					
- 1							
3	Practical Book of Biotechnology &	Nagar	S Chand &				
	Plant Tissue Culture	Santosh, Adhav Madhavi	Company				
4	Principles of Gene Manipulation: An	Old, R.W. and Primrose	Blackwell Scientific				
	Introduction to Genetic Engineering,	S.B. (1991).	Publications, Oxford.				



SEMESTER III

BOT667: DISSERTATION-I

COURSE CODE	BOT667		
COURSE TITLE	DISSERTATION-I		
Course Type	Research (Practicum)		
LTP	0 0 8		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	The main objective of project work is to introduce the candidate to the		
	practical aspects of research work		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn how to design, plan and execute the project.		
	CO2 Students will become more aware of the issues to consider when making decisions about the assessment of their overall research.		
	CO3 Students will build on their research competencies from their methods courses.		

GUIDELINES

- 1. Each student will submit synopsis and approved objectives of his/her research topic related to Botany/Life Sciences/ Plant Sciences or allied field, after consultation with the assigned supervisor.
- 2. Research work will be guided by supervisor of the university.
- 3. Student will ensure the following under the guidance of supervisor:
 - (i) Design and commence an original research project
 - (ii) Plan and design a discipline specific research methodology to execute the research project
 - (iii) Apply scientific writing skills
 - (iv) Learn to apply reference style (APA) while writing references in the synopsis.
 - (v) Study and analyze research and other topics with academics in field of Botany/Plant Sciences/Life Sciences and/or Allied Health Sciences.
- 4. Evaluation of Dissertation-I will be done by the departmental research committee headed by the supervisor, based on submission of synopsis and approved objectives by the student.

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SEMESTER III

SEMINAR AND TRAINING

Course Code	BOT669			
Course Title	SEMIN	NAR AND TRAINING		
Course Type	Skill an	d personality enhancement course		
LTP	0	0 4		
Credits	2			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. M	Iedical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn how to research the subject topics, prepare the topic in PowerPoint presentation, deliver the presentation among students and faculty members.			
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn how to present a seminar among the people.			
	CO2	Students will learn how to understand the topic and collect the data for presentation.		
	CO3	It will impart a sense of self responsibility among the students to research, prepare and present the data.		

Guidelines

- 1. In this course, each students will be given a topics of general understanding about the research problems and recent advances in science.
- 2. Student will collect the literature from books, research publications and internet sites. After collecting the literature, each students shall give a presentation, which will be evaluated by the departmental faculty.
- 3. It will help the students to know about new topics other than syllabus and student will develop a habit to study, prepare and deliver the presentation among the people.
- 4. The candidate has to present a paper pertaining to his/her topic of interest in the relevant subject and also to submit a hardcopy of the same not exceeding 1000 words.
- 5. Student may undergo training/on job training/departmental training and may prepare seminar on the same. Or at the department level, students shall be trained to effectively present their topics.





RM652: ADVANCES IN RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES

		CHENTONE SCIENCES		
Course Code	RM652			
Course Title	ADVANCES IN RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN BIOLOGICAL			
	AND C	HEMICAL SCIENCES		
Course Type	Theory			
LTP	4	1 0		
Credits	5			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.			
Course Objective	To learn the advanced concepts of research methodology.			
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn good lab and safety practices.			
	CO2	Students will learn and adopt newer and recent trends in research activities including data management.		
	CO3	They will develop technical skills in computers and research.		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

General safety and accident prevention guidelines, Good personnel safety practices, Laboratory safety practices (Do's and Don'ts), Fire safety principles and fire handling, Care in handling chemicals, Understanding materials safety data sheet (MSDS), Storing and indexing of materials & chemicals, Disposal of materials, chemicals and biological wastes, First aid, Reporting accidents and requisitioning help, Combating accidents. Awareness about members of the Institutional Safety Committee and emergency contact numbers. Lab bench co-operation with colleagues and co-workers, cultivating practice of collectivism, shared responsibilities and team-spirit among fellow researchers, Advancing culture of scientific sharing and discussion in campus and lab.

UNIT: II

Maintenance of laboratory records & e-Note books, Management of data and self-navigation of research project and academic program progress (objectives, milestone as well as timeline compliance), Data integrity & archiving of observational data for re-tracing, Basic mathematical and statistical treatments of data for appropriate/rational interpretation, Reporting data in inference perspectives, Common computational tools like Process flow diagram, Chemical structure drawing, statistical analyses, Data tabulation and figure presentation (graph, bar diagram, Venn Diagram, heat maps etc.)

UNIT: III

Computer applications a) Applications of computer in Taxonomy and biodiversity study b) Use of computer in biostatistics c) Collection, preservation and maintence of animals for biodiversity study d) Proteomics- proteomic analysis by mass spectrometry and genomicsgenome wide analysis of gene structure and expression.

UNIT: IV

Analytical Tools and Techniques in Research: A General Cross-disciplinary Exposure: Flexibility of the contents but it must be within the frameworks of different faculties of AcSIR (Biological Sciences, Chemical Sciences, Physical Sciences, Engineering Sciences, and Mathematical & Information Sciences).

S.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
No.			
1	CSIR Guidelines for Ethics in Research	CSIR	CSIR (2019)
	and in Governance - CSIR (2019)		
2	Ethics in Science Education, Research	Amit Ghosh, Ashok	INSA (2019)
	and Governance	Kumar Singhvi -	
3	Research Design: Qualitative,	John W. Creswell and	Sage Pubns; 5th edition
	Quantitative, and Mixed Methods	J. David Creswell	(2 January 2018)
	Approaches		
4	The Craft of Research	Wayne C. Booth,	University of Chicago
		Gregory G. Colomb,	Press; 4th edition (28
		and Joseph M. Williams	October 2016)
5	Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step	Ranjit Kumar	Sage Publications
	Guide for Beginners		
6	Research Methodology: methods and	CR Kothari & Gaurav	New Age
	tec <mark>hni</mark> ques	Garg	International
	SBI	DOG	Publishers; Fourth
			edition (1 September
1			2019)
			2017)



ECONOMIC BOTANY AND PLANT GENETIC RESOURCE

Course Code	BOT652			
Course Title	ECONOMIC BOTANY AND PLANT GENETIC RESOURCE			
Course Type	Theory			
LTP	4 (0		
Credits	4			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. N	Iedical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the concepts of domestication, economic importance, origin,			
	distribu	tion and processes of various types of crops		
Course Outcome	A SAL	Course will impart the skills in using the economically		
		important plants and their employability in related industries		
	1	and pharmaceuticals.		
	CO1			
	Course will recognize the plants of economic importance and			
	Utilization of plants to enable the student about utility in life.			
	cuitzation of plants to chaote the statent acout units) in fire.			
	/ 4	Economic Botany will provide knowledge the basic information		
	1	necessary for communication of information concerning basic		
To be		plant structure and function, the role of plants in society, and		
	CO3 plants of the region.			
11000		panio of the region		

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Origin, history, domestication, distribution, cultivation and production of cereals; wheat, rice, maize, sorghum, pearl millet, and minor millets

pulses; Pigeon pea, chick pea, black gram, green gram, cowpea, soyabean, pea, lentil, horse gram, lab lab bean, rice bean, winged bean, French bean, lima bean, sword bean.

Oil seeds; groundnut, sesame, castor, rapeseed, mustard, sunflower, safflower, niger, oil palm, coconut, and linseed

UNIT: II

Origin, history, domestication, distribution, cultivation and production of fibers; cotton, silkcotton, jute, sunnhemp, Agave, flax and mesta

Sugars; sugarcane, sugarbeet, sugarpalm, and sweet sorghum.

Fodders and green manures. Plantation crops; coconut, cocoa, tea.

Roots and tubers; potato, sweet potato, tapioca, aroids etc.

Vegetables; tomato, Brinjal, okra, cucumber, cole crops, gourds etc.

UNIT: III

Origin, history, domestication, distribution, cultivation and production offruits; mango, banana, citrus, guava, grapes, apple, plum, pear, peach, cashewnut and walnut.

Fumigatories and masticatories; tobacco, betelvine, arecanut. Medicinal and aromatic plants; sarpgandha, belladonna, cinchona, nux-vomica, vinca, mentha, glycirrhiza, plantago etc.

Narcotics; cannabis, datura, gloriossa, pyrethrum and opium. Dye-tannins-gum and resins yielding plants. Agroforestry – Multipurpose plants; subabool, *Acacia nilotica*, poplar, sesbania, neem.

Economic and non traditional plants; jojoba, guayule, jatropha, carcus etc.

UNIT: IV

History and importance of germplasm collection, gene banks, seed storage behaviour (orthodox and recalcitrant), gene bank management based by ISTA, AOSA, IPGRI guidelines, transgenic and biosafety issues.

Principle, objective, and relevance of plant quarantine, regulation and plant quarantine setup in India, detection and post quarantine operation, domestic quarantine. Principle and strategies of Plant Genetic Resource (PGR) evaluation, germplasm characterization and diversity analysis, concept of core collection, descriptor and descriptor state for data scoring, maintenance of active collection and self-cross pollinated and vegetative propagated crops, perennials and wild relatives. Post-harvest handling of germplasm and PGR database management.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Economic Botany	Kocchar SL	Mac Millan India
2	Hill's Economic Botany	Sharma, O.P.,	Tata McGraw Hill
3	Plants and Society	Swaminathan, M.S. and Kocchar, S.L.	MacMillan Publications.
4	Economic Botany- Plants in Our World	Simpson, B.B. and Conner-Ogorzaly. E.M.	McGraw-Hill Book Company



BOT654: ETHNOBOTANY AND PHARMACOGNOSY

Course Code	BOT654		
Course Title	ETHNOBOTANY AND PHARMACOGNOSY		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn about the traditional ethnobotanical wisdom from the tribal people		
	and its role in development of modern medicine		
Course Outcome	CO1 They will learn about the use of different plants and its parts in		
	traditional by many ethnic people		
	CO2 They will learn about the medicinal use of plants		
	CO3 They will learn about the different types of methodologies used		
	by local people to cure many diseases and their pharamacognosy		

SYLLABUS (THEORY)

UNIT: I

Ethnobotany: Introduction, concept, scope and objectives; Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science.

The relevance of ethnobotany in the present context; Major and minor ethnic groups or Tribals of India, and their life styles.

Traditional Systems of Medicine: Brief history of use of medicinal herbs; Introduction to indigenous systems of medicines- Ayurveda, Unani and Siddha system of medicine.

UNIT: II

Plants Used by the Tribals: a) Food plants b) intoxicants and beverages c) Resins and oils and miscellaneous usesd Sacred plants.

Role of ethnobotany in modern Medicine Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India; Significance of the following plants in ethno botanical practices (along with their habitat and morphology) a) Azadiractha indica b) Ocimum sanctum c) Vitex negundo. d) Gloriosa superba e) Tribulus terrestris f) Pongamia pinnata g) Cassia auriculata h) Indigofera tinctoria.

Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine with special example Rauvolfia sepentina, Taxus wallichiana, Trichopus zeylanicus, Artemisia, Withania

UNIT: III

Role of ethnic groups in conservation of plant genetic resources. Endangered taxa and forest management (participatory forest management).

Ethnobotany and Legal Aspects: Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic groups. Sharing of wealth concept with few examples from India.

Biopiracy, Intellectual Property Rights and Traditional Knowledge.

UNIT: IV

Pharmacognosy and pharmacopial standards of *Adhatoada vasica*, *Arctium lapa*, *Terminalia belerica*, *Bidens tripartite*, *Sida rhombifolia*, *Symplocos racemose*, *Syzygium aromaticum*, *Tectona grandis*.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Traditional Systems of Medicine	Abdin, M.Z. and Y.P.	Narosa Publishing
		Abrol, Y.P. 2006.	House, New Delhi.
2	Plants, People and Culture: The	Balick, M.J. and Cox,	The Science of
	Science of Ethnobotany.	P.A. 1996.	Ethnobotany.
			Scientific American
			Library
3	Ethnobotany: Principles and	Colton C.M. 1997.	John Wiley and Sons.
	Applications		
4	Wealth of India (Vol 1-13)		CSIR New Delhi



BOT656: PLANT NATURAL RESOURCES, CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Course Code	BOT65	6			
Course Title	PLANT NATURAL RESOURCES, CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT				
Course Type	Theory				
LTP	4 (0			
Credits	4				
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.				
Course Objective	To learn about the different plant natural resources their conservation and sustainable development				
Course Outcome	CO1	They will learn about the different types of natural resources available			
	CO2	They will learn to about the sustainable use of these energy processes			
	CO3	They will learn about the economic, social and environmental impact of utilization of natural resources			

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Introduction to Natural Resource Bases: Concept of resource, classification of natural resources. Factors influencing resource availability, distribution and uses. Interrelationships among different types of natural resources. Concern on Productivity issues. Ecological, social and economic dimension of resource management.

UNIT: II

Different types of resources, their production, management and sustainability; Forest resources, Land resources, Water resources, Energy resources, Food resources, Fish and other marine resources, Mineral resources, Resource Management Paradigms.

Management of Common International Resources: Ocean, climate, International fisheries and management commissions; Antarctica: the evolution of an international resource management regime

UNIT: III

Global and local governance, challenges of good governance. Ostrom design principles and basic frameworks, organizational structure and stakeholders in NRM and livelihood. Natural Resource Governance in rapidly changing world. Local utilization and institutions: Joint Forest Management Committees (JFMCs), watershed committees, irrigation committees, Forest Rights Act (FRA) committees, Biodiversity Management Committees (BMCs), etc.

International and National efforts: CITES and other international treaties and conventions, roles of international organizations and NGOS with special reference to UN and specialized agencies, institutional regulatory bodies and authorities: direct intervention by the state, green business and green ethics, stakeholder analysis, understanding and managing governance issue, governance tactics and tools, CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) as a tool for sustainable NRM based business.

UNIT: IV

Concept of Economic value, relevance of environmental economics, ecosystems services, direct and indirect economic benefit from – forest ecosystems, mountain ecosystems, mineral and water resources, ecotourism.

Conservation and management, cost / benefit analysis, methods of costing, cost criteria, evaluating alternative projects, operational vs. total costs, determining benefiting vs. comprehensive stakeholders Application of resource accounting Methods of pricing resources- example forest and mineral resources.

Role of national and international organizations in the promotion of sustainable natural resource use and management.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Ecology of Natural Resources	Francois Ramade	John Wiley & Sons
		1984.	Ltd
			7 ()
2	Nature and the Marketplace:	Heal, Geoffrey. 2000.	Island Press
	Capturing The Value Of Ecosystem		
1	Services		
3	A New Century for Natural	Knight, Richard L.,	Island Press
- 11	Resources Management.	editor, et al. 1995	
4	Introduction to Forestry and Natural	Donald L. Grebner,	Elsevier
	Resources	Peter Bettinger and	
		Jacek P. Siry	0
5	Environmental and Natural Resource	Harris, J.M. 2006	Houghton Mifflin
	Economics: A Contemporary		
	Approach, 2nd edition.		
6	Economics: Natural Resources	Barber, E. 1989.	Earthscan
	Scarcity and Development		



BOT658: BIOINFORMATICS

Course Code	BOT658		
Course Title	BIOINFORMATICS		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4	0 0	
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To understand application of bioinformatics in molecular biology and its implication		
Course Outcome	CO1 They will learn about the different bioinformatics tools		
	CO2 They will learn to analyze the massive molecular data use of bioinformatics software		
	CO3 They will learn to understand the molecular and computation integration.		

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Network: Introduction, objectives, applications, types of network, components of network, elementary idea of OSI model, network topologies; star, ring, bus, hybrid, tree. Internet: development, management, services available, various applications of Internet Overview of Bioinformatics: Introduction, bioinformatics and the internet, useful bioinformatics sites on the WWW.

UNIT: II

Introduction to PERL: Scalar variables, strings and numbers, Assignment statements, Arrays, Hashes, Operators, Input from file, Standard Input, Conditional and logical operators, loops, I/O, Input from file named in command line, Regular expression, Pattern matching, Meta symbols, Pattern modifiers, Subroutines. Applications of PERL in Bioinformatics: Storing DNA sequence, DNA to RNA transcription, Finding motifs, Counting nucleotides, Generating random numbers, simulating DNA mutation, generating random DNA, Analyzing DNA.

UNIT: III

Biological Databases: Introduction, classification of databases on the basis of type of molecule, nucleic acid, protein sequence and structure databases, classification of databases on the basis of source and type of information. Data Mining Methods for Sequence Analysis: Data retrieval with Entrez and DBGET/ Link DB and SRS (Sequence retrieval system). Analysis of Data: sequence similarity search, amino acid substitution matrices, web-based tools for sequence searches (FASTA and BLAST), motif analysis.

UNIT: IV

Sequence Alignment: Multiple sequence alignment and family relationships, phylogenetics. Structural Bioinformatics: Obtaining, viewing and analyzing structural data, structural alignment, classification of known three dimensional structure: CATH and SCOP, structure prediction by comparative modeling. Applications of Bioinformatics.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Bioinformatics: A practical guide to	Baxevains, A.D. and	John Wiley and Sons,
1		, and the second	
	the analysis of genes and proteins.	Ouellete, B.F.F.	NewYork.
		(2001)	
2	Learning Perl, 4th Edition.	Foy, B.D. Phoenix, T	O' Rilley
		and Schwartz, R. L.	
		(2005)	
3	Bioinformatics: Methods and	Misenere, S. and	Humana Press,
	Protocols.	Krawetz, S.A. (2001).	Totowa, New Jersey
4	Essentials of Genomics and	Sensen, C.W. (Ed.)	Wiley-VCH, Verlag
	Bioinformatics	(2002)	GmbH
			Winheim



BOT660: ADVANCED PHYSIOLOGY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Course Code	BOT660		
Course Title	ADVANCED PHYSIOLOGY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To understand the advanced physiological processes on the bases of		
	molecular relation in the plants		
Course Outcome	They will learn about the core molecular basics of different		
	CO1 processes taken place in the cell		
	CO2 They will understand the molecular bases of photosynthesis and		
	respiration		
	CO3 They will learn about the different types of molecular techniques.		
	// 4		

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Regulatory action of uncoupling agents of photophosphorylation; energy loss during vectorial electron transfer in light reaction; genetics of RUBISCO subunit assembly and organization in plants; Regulation of C₃, C₄, CAM and C₂ cycle in photosynthesis. Physiological and ecological aspects of photosynthesis

UNIT: II

Regulation of key respiratory enzymes with particular emphasis on phosphofructo kinase, glyceraldehydes-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and pyruvate dehydrogenase; mechanism of action of inhibitors of oxidative phosphorylation; arrangement and organization of protein complexes in mitochondrial electron transport chain.

UNIT: III

Process of biological nitrogen fixation; nodule formation-role of NOD genes and nodulins; NIF genes; molecular biology of nitrogenase complex; regulation of nitrogen fixation; nitrogen assimilation in higher plants.

Regulation of Auxin, Cytokinins, Gibberellin, Abscisic acid, Polyamines Jasmonic acid Salicylic acid, Strigolactones. Stomatal movement; morphogenesis; circadian rythms; regulation of plant movements.

UNIT: IV

Methods for analysis of gene expression at RNA and protein level, large scale expression analysis, such as micro array based techniques.

Southern/Northern/ Western blotting.Molecular cloning of DNA or RNA fragments in bacterial and eukaryotic systems. Generation of genomic and cDNA libraries. Protein sequencing methods, detection of post-translation modification of proteins.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Principles and techniques of	Wilson, Keith and	Cambridge Univ.
	Biochemistry and molecular Biology.	Walker, John 2009	Press, India
2	An introduction to practical	Plummer, David T.	Tata McGraw Hill
	Biochemistry	<u>1996</u>	
3	Experimental Biochemistry	Rao, B. S. and	I. K. International Pvt.
		Deshpande, V. 2000	Ltd., New York
4	Plant Physiology	Taiz and Zeinger	Sinauer Associates



SEMESTER IV BOT662: INSTRUMENT PRINCIPLE AND APPLICATIONS

DO 1002, IN STREET, I THE TOTAL STREET, I THE STREET, I			
Course Code	BOT662		
Course Title	INSTRUMENT PRINCIPLES AND ANALYTICAL		
	TECHNIQUES		
Course Type	Theory		
LTP	4 0 0		
Credits	4		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the principles of various instruments used in life sciences		
Course Outcome This course will give basic knowledge on instrumethods of biological, chemical and physical analysis			
	CO2 It will train students to perform practical work on real samples to get acquainted with instrumentation and equipment which is needed in monitoring of various samples.		
	CO3 Students will learn the working culture and practice of scie which further ready him future projects.		

SYLLABUS

UNIT: I

Basic Principles of research techniques and safety measures: Aims of Lab investigation, Experimental designs, SI units, safety against Chemical, Physical and Biological hazards. Waste disposals.

Functioning and application of microtomy, stains and staining techniques; Maceration; Principle of fixation, types of fixatives and their applications.

UNIT: II

Basics of Buffers and Solutions.

pH meter – Principles and applications.

ELECTROPHORESIS Characterization of proteins and nucleic acids; Electrophoresis: AGE, PAGE, SDS-PAGE. Immunoelectrophoresis, Isoelectrofocussing, Capillary Electrophoresis, Electrophoresis and Isoelectric focusing: Principle, working and applications of Electrophoresis. Colorimetery and Spectrophotometery: Lambert Beer Law, Basic components, applications.

UNIT: III

CENTRIFUGATION: Principle, functioning and applications of low speed, high speed and ultracentrifugation.

Polymerase Chain Reaction, DNA sequencing. Blotting techniques: Southern, Northern and Western, DNA fingerprinting, DNA sequencing.

UNIT: IV

SPECTROSCOPY: Principle, functioning and applications of spectrofluorometry. Mass spectrometry: X-ray diffraction; X-ray crystallography; Principle & biological applications of IR & NMR.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Principles and techniques of	Wilson, Keith and	Cambridge Univ.
	Biochemistry and molecular Biology.	Walker, John 2009	Press, India
2	An introduction to practical	Plummer, David T.	Tata McGraw Hill
	Biochemistry	<u>1996</u>	
3	Experimental Biochemistry	Rao, B. S. and	I. K. International Pvt.
		Deshpande, V. 2000	Ltd., New York



Course Code	BOT664		
Course Title	Practical Course on Discipline Specific Electives		
Course Type	Practicum		
LTP	0 0 4		
Credits			
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the basic concepts of tools and techniques relevant to theory.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn the biological techniques.		
	CO ₂	Students will familiarize with the different branches of research	
		in plant sciences.	
	CO3	They will have hand-on-training experience.	

GUIDELINES:

The candidate has to choose any two majors (discipline specific electives) in Semester IV. According to the choice of the candidate for theory courses, a combined practical course of 2 credits will be taught. The relevant practical can be opted from the following list by the course teacher:

TENTATIVE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of DNA replication mechanism
- 2. Demonstration of cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis.
- 3. Identification of different stages of mitosis and meiosis from temporary and permanent slides.
- 4. Study of morphology of metaphase chromosomes from onion root meristems.
- 5. Study of various cell organelles using prepared slides and models
- 6. Demonstration of microscopes (Simple compound microscope, phase contrast, fluorescence, SEM)
- 7. Isolation of plant DNA and its quantification by spectrophotometric method.
- 8. Plant DNA extraction using standard protocols.
- 9. Aseptic culture techniques for establishment and maintenance of cultures
- 10. Isolation of plant DNA and its quantification by spectrophotometric method
- 11. DNA check run by Agarose Electrophoresis
- 12. Preparation of different growth media for bacteria
- 13. Estimation of growth rate in different bacteria and preparation of growth curve.
- 14. Isolation of different bacterial colonies by streaking method.
- 15. Preparation of bacterial colonies by plating method.
- 16. Preparation of cleared whole mounts of floral parts of polypetalae, Sympetalae and monocots for vasculature
- 17. Description of specimen
- 18. Preparation of models (plasticine/thermocol) of vascular skelton of flower and placentation
- 19. Location of key characters, use of keys at generic levels, after description a collective exercise
- 20. Location of key characters, use of keys at family levels
- 21. Identification of diagnostic characters and use of key (Provided) at level of various families after description has been made

- 22. Determination of minimum size of quadrat by species area curve method
- 23. Determination of minimum number of quadrat by species area curve method
- 24. Determination of frequency of various species by quadrat method and preparation of frequency diagram.
- 25. Determination of density of quadrat method
- 26. Determination of abundance of species by quadrat method
- 27. Determination of relative density by quadrat method
- 28. Preparation of biological spectrum of a locality
- 29. To study the seeds of various cereal crops, oil and fibre crops and collect the seed specimen of each crop
- 30. To study and collect the various types of woods of trees and its economic importance from campus and surrounding areas
- 31. Morphology, anatomy, microchemical tests for stored food materials: Wheat, jute, rice, maize, chickpea (Bengal gram), potato, sugarcane Changes in catalase in response to biotic/abiotic stress
- 32. Learn the processing of various plant products (cotton, jute, rubber, essential oils, sugarcane etc.)
- 33. Visit to a nearest industry to see the processing of the economic important crop in the region.
- 34. Practicals pertaining to Chromatographic techniques: Column Chromatography (Exclusion and Affinity Chromatography), Paper Chromatography and Thin Layer Chromatography Changes in protein levels in response to cold stress by SDS-PAGE
- 35. Practicals pertaining to centrifugation.
- 36. Practical pertaining to Electrophoresis
- 37. Extraction and separation of chloroplast pigments in the plant material by partitioning into different solvent systems.
- 38. Separation of chloroplast pigments by thin layer chromatography.
- 39. To study principles of colorimetry and spectrophotometry.
- 40. Extraction of chloroplast pigments from leaves and preparation of absorption spectrum of photosynthetic pigments and anthocyanins.

	tone and recording books.					
S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher			
1	Practical Manual of Plant Morphology	Rajan S. Sundara	Anmol Publications,			
			Publishers & Distributors			
2	Practical Manual of Plant Ecology and	Sundara S. Rajan	Anmol Publisher			
-	Plant Physiology					
3	Practical Applications of Plant Molecular	Robert J. Henry	Nelson Thornes			
	Biology		(TAB)			
		- TOTAL TOTA	1 - 1 - 1			
4	Plant Molecular Biology — A Laboratory	Melody S. Clark	Springer-Verlag Berlin			
	Manual		Heidelberg			
5	Principles and techniques of Biochemistry	Wilson, Keith and	Cambridge Univ. Press, India			
	and molecular Biology.	Walker, John 2009				
6	An introduction to practical Biochemistry	Plummer, David T.	Tata McGraw Hill			
		<u>1996</u>				
7	Experimental Biochemistry	Rao, B. S. and	I. K. International Pvt. Ltd.,			
	·	Deshpande, V. 2000	New York			

SEMESTER III

BOT668: DISSERTATION-II

COURSE CODE	BOT668		
COURSE TITLE	DISSERTATION-II		
Course Type	Research (Practicum)		
LTP	0 0 16		
Credits	8		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	The main objective of project work is to introduce the candidate to the		
	practical aspects of research work		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn how to design, plan and execute the project.		
	Students will become more aware of the issues to consider when making decisions about the assessment of their overall research.		
	Students will build on their research competencies from their methods courses.		

GUIDELINES

- 1. Each student will complete his/her research work and must submit the complete dissertation as per the University format
- 2. Research work will be guided by supervisor of the university.
- 3. Evaluation of Dissertation-II will be done by the institutional RDC (Research Degree Committee).



RM656: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL WRITING

RIVIOSO: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL WRITING			
Course Code	RM656		
Course Title	SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL WRITING		
Course Type	Practicum		
LTP	0	0 4	
Credits	2		
Course prerequisite	B. Sc. Medical/Life-sciences/Allied field with Botany as one main subject.		
Course Objective	To learn the basic concepts of research publications and ethics.		
Course Outcome	CO1 Students will learn research philosophy and ethics.		
	CO2	Students will familiarize with scientific conduct.	
	CO3	They will develop publication ethics and best practices in resaerch.	

SYLLABUS (PRACTICUM)

- 1. Introduction to Databases and research metrics
- 2. Indexing databases
- 3. Citation databases: Web of Science, Scopus, etc.
- 4. Research Metrics
- 5. Impact Factor of journal as per Journal Citation Report, SNIP, SJR, IPP, Cite Score
- 6. Metrics: h-index, g index, i10 index, altmetrics
- 7. Basics of Writing & Communication of Research Results and Inferences
- 8. Scientific writing (including Language proficiency)
- 9. State-of-the-art scientific literature comprehension
- 10. Art and ethics of writing research report/paper
- 11. Writing of an abstract for scientific community and general public
- 12. Skills of making Powerpoint presentation
- 13. Art of web-meeting interactions & presentations using latest video-meeting modes
- 14. Letter writing and official correspondence
- 15. Introduction to Open Access Publishing tools
- 16. Open access publications and initiatives: SHERPA/RoMEO online resource to check publisher copyright & self-archiving policies
- 17. Software tool to identify predatory publications developed by SPPU
- 18. Journal finder / journal suggestion tools viz. JANE, Elsevier Journal Finder, Springer Journal Suggester, etc.

S.No.	Name/Title	Author	Publisher
1	Scientific writing: easy when you	Peat, J., Elliott, E.,	John Wiley & Sons.
	know how.	Baur, L., & Keena, V.	(2013)
2	Scientific writing= thinking in words.	Lindsay, D.	Csiro Publishing.
			(2020).
3	Research ethics.	Dooly, M., Moore, E.,	Research-publishing.
		& Vallejo, C.	net. (2017).